



Figs 21-22. *Camptotylidea*, general view: 21, *C. perirata*, ♂; 22, *C. salsosa*, ♂.

area of corium with compact, distinct, dark brown or black spot. In addition to dots, clavus and corium with pale fuscous irregularly shaped spots. Membrane whitish, with pale fuscous colour pattern. Under surface and hind margin of apical half of femora with dark fuscous dots slightly brighter and larger than those on hemelytra. Tibiae with numerous large and irregularly distributed dark fuscous dots. Claws as in Fig. 50. Ocular index 1.0-1.2 in males, 1.7-2.0 in females. Body length 2.7-3.2 mm in males, 2.7-2.8 mm in females.

**Distribution.** Kazakhstan (Popov, 1986 – Karatau Mts), Uzbekistan, Turkmenistan.

**Host plant.** From the end of April till the first part of May nymphs and adult specimens were found on the flowering at that time *Tournefortia sogdiana*. In June, when this plant dies off, the development is transferred to other sand-inhabiting representatives of Boraginaceae, especially *Heliotropium argurioides* and *H. turcomanica* (Putshkov, 1975).

***Camptotylidea ceratoides* sp. n.**

(Figs 9, 10, 39, 62, 79, 80, 113, 119)

**Holotype.** ♂, Kazakhstan, Dzhabul Prov., 65 km N of railway station Khantau, Karasay, 17.VI.1978 (Kerzhner).

**Paratypes.** Kazakhstan: Dzhabul Prov.: 3 ♂, 3 ♀, as holotype; Mangyshlak Prov.: 3 ♂, 1 ♀, 50 km NNW of Novy Uzen', 12.VI.1973 (Nartshuk); Karaganda [now Dzhezkazgan] Prov.: 1 ♀, near Dzhezkazgan, 6.VI.1961 (Emeljanov); Taldy-Kurgan [now Alma-Ata] Prov.: 2 ♀, Kushukzhal sands, 21.VI.1962 (Kerzhner); Kzyl-Orda Prov.: 2 ♂, 1 ♀, near Yany-Kurgan railway station, 30.V.1996 (Kerzhner). Mongolia: Hovd Aimak: 1 ♀, Bodonchin-Gol River, 12 km SW of Altai, 22.VII.1970 (Kerzhner); Gobi-Altai Aimak: 2 ♂, 45 ♀, Shargyn-Gobi, 40 km SW of Altai, 22-23.VIII.1967 (Kerzhner); Bayan-Hongor Aimak: 1 ♀, 35 km S of Bu-Tsagan, 10.VII.1970 (Kerzhner); 1 ♂, 70 km E of Herhero, 21.VIII.1967 (Kerzhner).

**Description.** Males (Fig. 9) gracile, females (Fig. 10) elongate-oval; hair covering rather poor. Antennae uniformly yellowish. Eyes fuscous-greenish or reddish. Head pale, without any spots except orangish dots on base of vertex. Pronotum and scutellum pale, with irregular minute orangish or pal fuscous dotting. Clavus, corium and cuneus whitish, covered with pale fuscous or even yellowish dots and usually with numerous faint orangish irregularly shaped fuscous spots. Medioapical area of corium with conspicuous, bright, nearly blackish spot 2-5 times as wide as diameter of surrounding dots. Membrane whitish, with fuscous brownish mottling. Under surface pale, sometimes with orangish dots on abdomen.