

0.76 mm; width of vertex 0.43–0.44 mm; antennal segment I 0.47–0.48 mm; segment II 1.40–1.48 mm; segment III 1.38 mm; segment IV 0.45–0.47 mm; length of pronotum 0.35–0.37 mm; posterior width of pronotum 0.87–0.90 mm.

Etymology.—Named for my colleague and good friend Michael Kido, University of Hawaii, Kauai Research Center, who first collected specimens of this species.

Holotype ♂, HAWAIIAN ISLANDS: HAWAII: Stainback Hwy., 2.VIII.1991, ex *Pritchardia* sp., (A. Asquith & M. Kido). (BPBM). *Paratypes*. 8 ♂, 2 ♀ HAWAIIAN ISLANDS: HAWAII: Stainback Hwy., 2.VIII.1991, ex *Pritchardia* sp., (A. Asquith & M. Kido). (BPBM, AMNH). *Additional specimens*: Same data as type series, 1 ♂, 2 ♀, all dissected, 2 nymphs (BPBM).

The type series was collected from attached but dead leaves of *Pritchardia beccariana* Rock. Adults and nymphs were found deep in the leaf folds in association with psocids, although predation was not observed.

***Loulucoris cinygmiscus* Asquith,
NEW SPECIES**

Diagnosis.—Distinguished from *Loulucoris kidoi* by its paler coloration; a red, dorsomedial, longitudinal stripe on the head of males; a large tergal process on the left dorsolateral margin of the male genital capsule, and the absence of the erect basal process on the right paramere; found only on the island of O'ahu.

Description (n = 1).—*Male*: Length 3.35 mm; pale, straw yellow coloration, dorsal vestiture with inclined, pale setae. *Head*: Width 0.70 mm; vertex 0.38 mm; head yellow, median sulcus reddish brown, erect setae bordering eyes gold to brown; dorsal surface shagreened, anterior surfaces polished; tylus, lora, juga pale yellow, surfaces highly polished; antennal segment I 0.48 mm, pale yellow; segment II 1.33 mm, pale yellow, slightly darker on distal half (antennal segments III and IV missing from specimen);

rostrum reaching to mesocoxae, yellow, apex fuscous. *Pronotum*: Length 0.36 mm, posterior width 0.85 mm; pale yellow, anterior angles reddish brown; mesoscutum and scutellum straw yellow, apex of scutellum cream; ventral margins of thoracic pleura reddish brown; venter yellow. *Hemelytra*: General coloration pale, brownish yellow, weakly suffused with pale brown basally on clavus and corium; cuneus pale yellow with large reddish spot; membrane translucent. *Legs*: All segments uniformly yellow. *Genitalia*: Dorsal margin of genital capsule with long, stout tergal process on left side; posteroventral margin entire, socket for left paramere absent; supporting flange for right paramere erect, narrowed, and recurved apically (Fig. 8a). Right paramere narrow, elongate, apex bifurcate, with two, narrowed, acuminate arms; basal process absent (Fig. 8c). Left paramere with folded area of apicodorsal angle small, serrate (Fig. 8b). Vesica with two elongate spiculae, ventral spicula weakly sinuate and flattened distally (Fig. 8d).

Female (n = 1): Macropterous. Size similar to male. General coloration yellow, tinged with green; reddish areas on thoracic pleura indistinct; lacking longitudinal reddish stripe on vertex. Length 3.61 mm; width of head 0.73 mm; vertex 0.39 mm; antennal segment I 3.61 mm; segment II 1.26 mm; segment III 1.09 mm; segment IV 0.70 mm.

Etymology.—From the Greek, *cinygm* (phantom), referring to the few occasions this species has revealed itself to collectors.

Holotype ♂, HAWAIIAN ISLANDS: O'AHU: Castle Trail, 2000 ft., 28.XI.1937, Beating, (E. C. Zimmerman). (BPBM). *Paratype* ♀, HAWAIIAN ISLANDS: O'AHU: Waikane, 22.X.1947, (E. C. Zimmerman). *Additional specimens*: HAWAIIAN ISLANDS: O'AHU: Halawa Valley, 11.I.1994, ex *Pritchardia*, (A. Asquith) 1 ♂, 2 nymphs, (BPBM).

An endemic genus with species found only on O'ahu and Hawai'i would be an unusual pattern within the Hawaiian insect fauna