

Fig. 39. *Glaphyrocoris antennalis* Linnavuori (ex from Juba): a) antenna; b) left style; c–e) theca (d–e ex from Bobo Dioulasso); f) process of theca; g) vesica. — *G. nigeriensis* Linnavuori (ex from Afienya): h) left style; i–j) theca in different views. — *G. agaue* sp. n.: k) head thorax in lateral view. — *Ruwaba glabriceps* Linnavuori & Al-Ne'amy: l) right style; m–o) left style; p–q) theca; r) vesica. — *R. elegans* Linnavuori: s) theca.

Length 4 mm. Strongly shiny. Antennae yellowish brown, basal half of 2nd and 3rd joints and entire 4th joint dark brown. Elytra dark brown, costal margin and base of clavus golden brown, the white middle band broadish, broken at claval suture. Under surface dark yellowish brown. Legs golden brown, tibiae somewhat embrowned.

Robust. With sparse erect longish pale hairs. Eyes large, ocular index 1.18 (holotype) — 1.57 (male from Ghana). Antennae incrassate, proportions between joints 6:19:14:13, 2nd joint nearly $0.7 \times$ as long as basal width of pronotum. Rostrum extending to middle coxae. Microsculpturing of pronotum indistinct. Scutellar hump relatively small.

Male genitalia in Figs. 10d-h, 39h-j. Theca with small triangular subbasal lateral process.

Distribution: Guinean.

Extralimital species:

G. agaue sp. n. Figs. 36a, 39k

Material studied: Saudi Arabia, near Taif, female holotype, in coll. Linnavuori.

Length 3.75 mm. Head, pronotum and scutellum opaquely shiny, blackish brown, base of vertex and anterior part of pronotum dark reddish brown. Eyes reddish brown. Antennae blackish, 1st joint and base of 2nd slightly paler. Tip of scutellum pale. Elytra very shiny, blackish brown, costal margin slightly paler, a broad transverse whitish band behind apex of scutellum. Apex of abdomen very shiny, blackish. Under surface shiny, reddish brown, ostiolar peritremes and coxae whitish, apex of venter blackish. Legs blackish brown, tarsi and apices of tibiae paler.