



Fig.4. *Psallomimus nigricornis* sp.n.: (A) claw; (B–C) right style; (D–F) left style (D in slide mount, E–F in glycerine); (G) theca; (H–I) vesica in slide mount and glycerine, respectively.

6:10:9. Claws as in Fig.4 A. Male genitalia (Fig.4 B–I): Pygofer narrowly conical. Hypophysis of left style apically expanded, blade-like, sensory lobe broad, quadrangular. Vesica long and gracile, strongly coiled.

Etymology: Latin, *nigricornis* = with black antennae.

Differential diagnosis: The genus *Psallomimus* WAGNER was revised by LINNAVUORI (1993: 227–229). *P.nigricornis* is readily distinguished from all other known species by the small size and the uniformly black colouring.

Campylomma hestia sp.n. (Fig. 5 C–L)

Types: Yemen: Al Kowd, ♂ holotype, 6 ♂ 9 ♀ paratypes, 12.–14.7.1999, A. van Harten & S. Al Haruri, in coll.Linnaavuori.

Description: Subopaque. Uniformly whitish-ochraceous. Eyes pale grey. Antennae whitish-yellow, immaculate. Membranes of hemelytra pale, brownish hyaline. Legs pale yellow. Fore and middle femora with small black apical spots; under surface of hind