



Fig. 12. *Pseudoloxops sudanensis* Linnavuori: a–b) right style; c) left style; d) sensory lobe and e) hypophysis of left style in broad aspect; f) aedeagus, lateral view. — After Linnavuori 1975.

part slightly darker, veins red, basally pale. Under surface whitish ochraceous, sides of head and of prothorax red. Legs whitish ochraceous, apical halves of hind femora red.

Hair covering long, yellowish. Head 0.69–0.71 (♂) or 0.64 (♀) × as broad as basal width of pronotum; ocular index 1.49–1.57 (♂), 1.68 (♀). Proportions between antennal joints 9:36:13:9 (♂), 10:41:16:?? (♀); 1st joint incrassate with long erect black bristles, 2nd 2.0–2.4 × as long as diatone, 1.38–1.70 × as long as basal width of pronotum. Rostrum extending slightly beyond middle coxae. Pronotum 2.43–2.6 × as broad as long in middle.

Male genitalia in Fig. 13f–k.

Biology: At lamps in savanna habitats.

Etymology: Greek mythology, Niobe, daughter of Tantalos.

### *Pseudoloxops thetis* sp. n.

Fig. 14

Material: Nigeria: W St., Igboho-Kishi, ♀ holotype, 19.VII.1973; Kw St., Shaganu Biological Station, 1♀ paratype, 20–22.VII.1973, Linnavuori; N C St., Zaria, Samaru, 1♀ paratype, 20.X.1970, J.Deeming; B Pl St., Gangare Kibo, 1♀ paratype, 28.VIII.1973, Linnavuori. Types in coll. Linnavuori.

Length 3.5 mm. Whitish yellow. Frons with a few fuscous dots and scanty red markings; vertex with red middle spot, basal margin with a row of 4 fuscous dots; eyes reddish gray. 1st antennal joint red, extreme apex and a subbasal spot on dorsal surface pale, apical quarter of 2nd joint red, apex of 3rd joint and 4th joint reddish. Pronotum: lateral margins, triangular middle spot on apical margin and roundish middle spot on basal lobe red, pale areas with scanty fuscous dotting. Basal part of scutellum orange, apical part with arrow-shaped red figure. Elytra: costal margin orange, mesocorium with red pattern as seen in Fig. 14a, clavus with dense fuscous dotting, dark dots on corium relatively scanty, apex of cuneus red; membrane smoky, veins reddish. Under surface intensely red. Legs whitish yellow, apical half of hind femur red.

Hair covering long, yellowish. Head 0.7 × as broad as basal width of pronotum; ocular index 1.82. Proportions between antennal joints 30:91:34:21, 1st joint incrassate with black bristles, 2nd 2.14–2.17 × as long as diatone, 1.44–1.5 × as long as basal width of pronotum. Rostrum extending to middle coxae.

Biology: At lamp in savanna habitats.

Etymology: Greek mythology, Thetis, one of the Nereides, daughters of Nereus, god of the sea.