



Fig. 4. *Acratheus ocellaris* sp. n.: a) dorsal view; b) apex of elytron. — *Nanniella chalybea* Reuter: c) dorsal view.

index 2.19–2.42 (♂), 2.6–2.7 (♀). Antennae long and gracile, proportions between joints 22:85:62:65 (♂), 22:70:65:70 (♀), 2nd joint 1.24–1.40 (♂), 1.04–1.08 (♀) × as long as basal width of pronotum. Pleura very densely punctate.

Male genitalia in Fig. 3m–t. Middle tooth on apical margin of right style large. Apical part of hypophysis of left style thicker.

Biology: Like the preceding species on undergrowth in rain and savanna forests.

***Acratheus albipes* (Motschulsky)**

Fig. 5

Capsus albipes Motschulsky 1863:82.

Acratheus albipes Bergroth 1917:107.

A. nocturnus Distant 1910:16 (Bergroth 1917:107).

Material: India: Calcutta, 1 ex. coll. Distant. Nepal: Wat Ling, 3 exx, 2.X.1965, in the British Museum.

Easily distinguished from the African species by the small yellow-brown head, pale cuneus and whitish yellow legs.

Male genitalia in Fig. 5a–g. Pygofer truncate apically.

Distribution: The Oriental Region.

Genus *Nanniella* Reuter

Nanniella Reuter 1904:6. Type species: *N. chalybea* Reuter.

Nanniella Poppius 1914:82–83, Linnavuori 1975:48.

Falconia Distant 1884:298. Type species: *F. poetica* Distant in Carvalho 1952:76, 1958:61, misidentification.

Diagnosis: Color black. Body elongate, coarsely punctate. Head in apical view distinctly broader than high. Legs long and gracile. Hypophysis on left style gracile, hook-like, strongly recurved upward.

Description: Color black with strong metallic luster. Body elongate. Hair covering dense, pale gray, semidecumbent. Head in dorsal view short and broad, eyes not touching anterolateral corners of pronotum, in apical view distinctly broader than high with lower part triangular in outline, in lateral view about 1.5–2.0 × as high as long with