

- Rostrum not reaching beyond apices of middle or hind coxae 2
- 2. General color black to brownish or reddish brown; posterior femora and all coxae black to brownish red *P. mella*
- General color straw to pale yellow or yellowish; all femora and coxae pale 3
- 3. Head, pronotum, scutellum and clavus internally with a marked longitudinal dark fascia; posterior femora with two large plus one or two small black spots inferiorly ... *P. usingeri*
- Body above pale or straw color, if darkened on pronotum or scutellum then the clavus pale; posterior femora with four large plus two or three small black spots inferiorly *P. insularis*

4. *Psallus longirostris* Carvalho, new species.

(Figures 9b, 11.)

Characterized by the rostral length and color of posterior femora.

MALE. Length 2.2 mm., width 1.0 mm. *Head:* Length 0.1 mm., width 0.6 mm., vertex 0.27 mm. *Antennae:* Segment I, length 0.1 mm.; II, 0.7 mm.; III, 0.5 mm.; IV, 0.2 mm. *Pronotum:* Length 0.3 mm., width at base 0.8 mm.

General color straw or pale yellowish; eyes dark brown, membrane infumate, upper surface covered by black bristles and silvery scale-like hairs, posterior femora with black dots as in figure 9b, tibial spines and spots at their bases, apex of rostrum, apices of tarsi and claws, black.

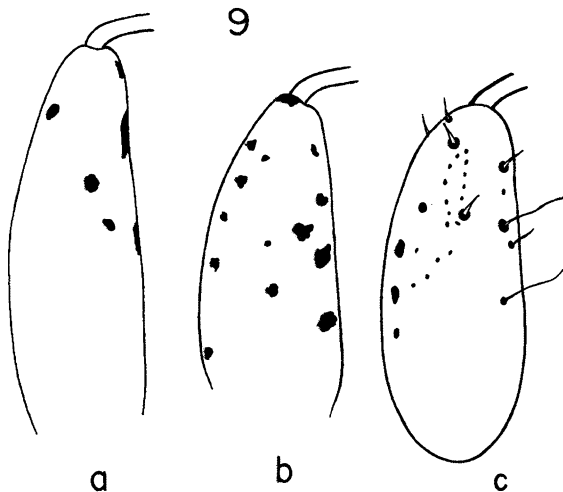


FIGURE 9. Lateral view of posterior femur: a, *Psallus insularis* Barber; b, *Psallus longirostris* Carvalho, new species; c, *Campylomma citrina* Carvalho, new species.

Rostrum reaching genital segment (male) or 7th or 8th segment (female); second antennal segment cylindrical.

Genitalia: Aedeagus (fig. 11a) as illustrated. Left clasper (fig. 11b) and right clasper (fig. 11c) as shown in figures.