



Figs 1-10. 1-6, *Lepidargyrus putshkovi* sp. n.: 1, right paramere; 2-3, left paramere; 4, theca; 5-6, aedeagus; 7-10, *L. seidenstueckeri* Wgn.: 7, right paramere; 8, left paramere; 9, theca; 10, aedeagus.

- 13(12). Body black, reddish brown or (rarely) red.
Pronotum twice or less than twice wider than long.
Foothills and mountains of Tadzhikistan
..... *L. muminovi* (Josifov)
14(7). Apical part of aedeagus with numerous teeth.
15(20). All teeth distal to secondary gonopore.
16(17). Apical part of aedeagus flattened, with spines
on margin and on upper surface (Fig. 39)
..... *L. syriacus* (E. Wagner)
17(16). Apical part of aedeagus not flattened.
18(19). Basal part of aedeagus shorter and wider (Fig.
53)..... *L. pollinosus* (Horváth)

- 19(18). Basal part of aedeagus long and slender (Fig.
60) *L. iranicus* Muminov
20(15). Some teeth situated proximal to secondary
gonopore (Figs 70-72) ... *L. senguni* (E. Wagner)

Lepidargyrus putshkovi sp. n.
(Figs 1-6)

Holotype. ♂, Azerbaijan, Nakhichevan Aut. Rep., Bilav, 19.VI.1977 (Putshkov), kept in the Zoological