as diatone,  $0.91 \times$  as long as basal width of pronotum. Rostrum extending distinctly beyond hind coxae. Pronotum about  $2.52 \times$  as broad as long in middle. Proportions between hind tarsomeres 10:16:14.

Male genitalia in Fig. 11 d–g. Biology: At lamp in desert habitats. Distribution: The Negev desert in Israel.

## C. longicornis Wagner

Figs. 1g-j, 3g-i

Compsonannus longicornis Wagner 1971:96-98.

Types studied: Algeria, Biskra, male holotype, 28-30.IV.1964, H. Eckerlein; the Spanish Sahara, Oued Agonidei, 1 paratype, 6.V.1942, Morales, in Mus. Hamburg.

Material studied: Israel: Negev, 'Ein Avdat, 3 exx, 29.VI.1986, Linnavuori.

Diagnosis: Upper surface whitish ochraceous with distinct dark dotting. 2nd antennal joint as long as basal width of pronotum.

Length 2.75-3.25 mm. Whitish or yellow ochraceous. Head: frons with faint brownish lateral arcs. Eyes grayish brown. Antennae whitish, 1st joint with incomplete narrow subapical ring or blackish spots, 2nd with several small blackish spots. Pronotum with numerous dark brown spots. Base of scutellum with middle spots formed by confluent dark brown dotting, apex ornamented with small dark brown dots. Extreme tip of clavus black: clavus, corium and cuneus with distinct unevenly distributed dark brown spots, costal margin and lateral margin of cuneus with numerous dark spots (dark dotting of elytra fainter in the holotype than in the Israeli specimen); membrane whitish with abundant dark mottling. Under surface of thorax with minute dark spots. Legs whitish. Anterior and middle femora with sparse dark brown spots. Hind femora with minute dark mottling on anterior margin. All tibiae with distinct dark brown spots.

Body elongately ovate. Head  $0.72 \times as$  broad as basal width of pronotum, in lateral view about as long as high, in frontal view  $1.34 \times as$  broad as high; ocular index 1.65-1.83. Proportions between antennal joints 11:58:42:26, 2nd joint about  $1.38 \times as$  long as diatone,  $1.0 \times as$  long as basal width of pronotum. Rostrum extending beyond hind coxae. Proportions between hind tarsomeres 9:16:14.

Male genitalia in Fig. 11h-i.

Biology: At lamp in desert habitats.

Distribution: Formerly known from the Spanish Sahara and Algeria.

C. hesione sp. n. Figs. 2, 3j-m

Material studied: Israel: the Negev, 'Ein 'Avdat, male holotype, 1° paratype, 10.VIII.1986, Linnavuori, in coll. Linnavuori.

Diagnosis: Recognized by the very long rostrum, which extends to near the apex of the abdomen, and by the shape of the vesica.

Length 3.25 mm. Pale ochraceous. Frons with faint fulvous lateral stripes. Eyes grayish brown. Antennae whitish, 1st joint with transverse subapical row of two black spots on upper surface, 2nd with blackish dots, joints 3 and 4 slightly infumed. Calli of pronotum slightly infumed, anterolateral area of disk with fuscous dots. Base of scutellum with dark brown middle point, apical part with a few ± distinct dark dots. Apical part of mesocorium with faint triangular orangish spot; clavus and basal part of mesocorium with dense fuscous dotting; costal margin, apicolateral angle of corium and margin of cuneus also with dark dots; membrane with dense fuscous mottling. Legs whitish. Apical parts of fore and middle femora with dark brown spots. Fore and middle tibiae with distinct black spots. Anterior margins of hind femora with dark brown spots. Hind tibiae with small dark dots.

Hair covering on upper surface pale, partially dark. Head  $0.72 \times$  as broad as basal width of pronotum, in lateral view about as long as high, in frontal view  $1.21-1.29 \times$  as broad as high; frons convex; ocular index 1.60-1.64. Proportions between antennal joints 13:60:45:23, 2nd joint  $1.11 \times$ as long as diatone,  $0.8 \times$  as long as basal width of pronotum. Rostrum very long, extending to near apex of abdomen. Pronotum  $2.8 \times$  as broad as long in middle. Apical part of scutellum convex. Proportions between hind tarsomeres 10:16:16.

Male genitalia in Fig. 3k-m.

Etymology: Greek mythology, Hesione, daughter of Laomedon, king of Troy.