

Genus *Taeniophorus* Linnavuori

Taeniophorus Linnavuori 1952:36–37. Type species: *T. hyalinus* Linnavuori.

Diagnosis: Like *Camptotylidea*, but dark dotting on upper surface usually absent. Head in lateral view longer than high. Hind tarsus short and incrassate, apex of 2nd joint bluntly oblique. Pulvilli very broad, extending to near apex of claw.

Color whitish yellow, probably greenish in life. Elytra uniformly pale or with faint fuscous dots; membrane uniformly whitish hyaline. Antennae and legs pale, immaculate.

Body small, parallel-sided. Hair covering on upper surface short, pale. Head in apical view broader than high, lower part triangular in outline, head in lateral view distinctly longer than high, frons evenly sloping apicad joining without notch on to the prominent tylus, antennal pits near lower margins of eyes. Antennae in ♂ shortish and incrassate, in ♀ longish and gracile. Rostrum short, extending beyond fore coxae. Lateral margins of pronotum insinuated, calli small, distinctly elevated. Elytra longer than abdomen. Legs: tibial spines delicate, pale; hind tarsus short, about 0.25 × as long as tibia (in *Camptotylidea astarte* 0.36 ×), and incrassate, apex of 2nd joint bluntly oblique; claws gracile, pulvilli extending to near apex of claw, very broad, apex broadly rounded.

Male genitalia: Left style with coarsely dentate spine on sensory lobe. Vesica and other genitalia as in the related genera.

Distribution: Turkestan.

T. hyalinus Linnavuori

Figs. 6m–s, 7v–ö, 8j–k.

Taeniophorus hyalinus Linnavuori 1952:37.

Type studied: Turkmenia, female allotype, J. Sahlberg, in coll. Linnavuori.

Material studied: USSR: Turkmenskaja SSR, Ahča-Kuima, 4 exx, 7.V.1974, Puchkov, in coll. Linnavuori.

Diagnosis: Characters indicated in the description of the genus.

Length 3.0–3.25 mm. Head 0.7 × as broad as basal width of pronotum. Ocular index 1.53–1.58 (♂), 2.1 (♀). Proportions between antennal joints

13:46:25:20 (♂), 11:43:25:23 (♀), 2nd joint 1.07 (♂) or 1.1 (♀) × as long as diatone, 0.75 (♂) or 0.78 (♀) × as long as basal width of pronotum.

Male genitalia in Fig. 7v–ö.

Biology: On *Eremosparton flaccidum* (Puchkov 1975:947).

Distribution: Turkestan.

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