C. lineata (Reuter), comb. n. Figs. 5c, h–i

Atomophora lineata Reuter 1901:178.

Types studied: Turkmenia, 2ϕ syntypes, one of them designated here as the lectotype, J. Sahlberg, in Mus. Helsinki.

Material studied: USSR: st. Džebel, Turkmen., 1 ex, 17.VI.1934, V. Popov; Imam-baba Merw u. Zakasts.o., 1 ex, 23.IV.1912, Kožančikov, in coll. Linnavuori.

Diagnosis: Easily recognized by the maculate 2nd antennal joint.

Length 3.0-3.25 mm. Pale yellowish or greenish. Median stripe on tylus and on frons, mediobasal spots on vertex, three longitudinal bands on pronotum, lateral margins of pronotum, and faint median stripe on scutellum whitish. Eyes brownish. Antennae yellowish brown, 1st joint with incomplete dark subapical ring, 2nd joint with distinct fuscous spots. Clavus, corium and cuneus with dense fuscous dotting, corium also with ± developed faint largish brownish spots, claval suture fuscous, \pm distinct brown stripe along lateral puncture row on clavus, apical margin of mesocorium with conspicuous black spot; membrane whitish hyaline with \pm abundant pale brownish mottling. Legs yellowish, apices of femora with distinct dark brown spots; tibiae with distinct small dark dots.

Body small, elongately ovate. Ocular index about 1.36 (\mathcal{O}), 1.78–2.0 (\mathcal{Q}). 2nd antennal joint 1.14 (\mathcal{O}) or 1.18 (\mathcal{Q}) × as long as diatone.

Biology: On Tournefortia sogdiana, Heliotropium arguzioides and H. turcomanica (Puchkov 1975:946).

Distribution: Turkestan.

C. suturalis (Reuter), comb. n. Figs. 4e, 5d, 7u

Atomophora suturalis Reuter 194:13.

Types studied: Turkestan, Aschabad, 40 syntypes, one of them designated here as the lectotype, Ahnger, in Mus. Helsinki.

Material studied: USSR: Turkestan, Aschabad, Ahnger; Buchara mer. Termez, 3 exx, 20. VI. 1912, Kiritshenko. Iran: Iranshar, 800 m, 3 exx, 11–21. IV. 1954, Richter & Schäuffele, in coll. Linnavuori; Sistan, Kuh-e Khajh, 2 exx, 5.X. 1877, A. Vigna, coll. Carapezza. Diagnosis: Upper surface whitish or orangish yellow with orangish spots. Commissural margin of clavus dark brown, clavus with dense dark dotting. Tibiae immaculate.

Length 3.25–3.5 mm. Whitish or orangish yellow. Head and pronotum with faint orangish spots. Eyes brown. Antennae pale yellowish. Scutellum, save basal lateral angles and a faint median stripe on apical part, infumed with minute dark dots. Elytra whitish or orangish yellow, commissural margin of clavus dark brown, clavus otherwise with distinct dense dark brown dotting, only base and lateral margin immaculate; medioapical area of corium whitish with irregularly shaped largish dark fuscous spot and minute dark irroration, rest of corium and cuneus immaculate or with indistinct orangish mottling; membrane whitish with abundant brownish mottling. Legs yellow, immaculate.

Body narrowish. Ocular index about $1.22 (\circ)$ or $1.90-2.21 (\circ)$. Antennae gracile, 2nd joint about $1.26 (\circ)$ or $1.34-1.38 (\circ) \times$ as long as diatone.

Male genitalia: Vesica in Fig. 7u. Distribution: Irano-Turanian.

C. alhagii (Linnavuori), comb. n. Figs. 5e, 7t

Atomophora alhagii Linnavuori 1986:155.

Types studied: Iraq, near Ana, female holotype and several paratypes, 8.X.1979, Linnavuori; Tharthar lake, 1 paratype, 23.VIII.1979, Linnavuori. Saudi Arabia, Al Hasa, several paratypes, 24.X.1977, Linnavuori, in coll. Linnavuori.

Diagnosis: Upper surface bright yellowish with dense and \pm confluent orange irroration. Commissural margin of clavus pale, fuscous dots only on tip of clavus and inner apical area of corium. Tibiae with small dark dots.

Length 3.0–3.75 mm. Pale or bright yellow. Upper surface with dense \pm confluent orange irroration, posterior part of pronotum and base of corium often also with a few dilute fuscous dots. Head, pronotum and scutellum with faint narrow pale median stripe. Eyes reddish gray. Antennae yellow, 1st joint with faint brown subapical spot, 4th joint slightly infumed. Extreme tip of clavus