



Fig. 5. *Asthenarius melpomene* sp.n. (left) and *Campylomma kalliopae* sp.n. (right).

2nd antennal segment dotted with fuscous basally and the pronotum ornamented by three conspicuous whitish longitudinal bands. *A. bipunctata* is pale yellow, the dark dotting on the elytra is sparse and very indistinct and the cuneus is immaculate.

***Asthenarius melpomene* sp.n.**

Fig. 5.

Length 3.5 mm. Shiny. Head and pronotum bright yellow. Eyes reddish. 1st and 2nd antennal joints yellow, 3rd and 4th segments black. Scutellum and elytra dark coffee-brown, base of corium and of clavus yellowish; membrane and veins dark brown. Under surface of head and of pronotum bright yellow, rest of thorax dark brown. Venter black. Legs yellow, fore and middle femora embrowned basally, hind femora dark brown, apical third yellow, tibiae immaculate, tibial spines black, 3rd tarsal joints black.

Body elongate, broadening caudad, broadest at apex of clavus. Upper surface with longish black hairs and adpressed scale-like pale pubescence. Head $0.7 \times$ as broad as basal width of pronotum; ocular index 2.0. Antennae long, proportions between joints 15:61:40:29, hair covering of antennae short and smooth, 1st joint also with black subapical bristle, 2nd joint $1.13 \times$ as long as diatone, $0.77 \times$ as long as basal width of



Fig. 6. *Chlamydatus penthesileia* sp.n. macropterous form right, brachypterous form left.

pronotum, gradually broadening apicad. Rostrum extending to middle coxae. Pronotum $1.93 \times$ as broad as long in middle, lateral margins nearly straight, gradually diverging caudad. Elytra a little longer than abdomen. Proportions between hind tarsomeres 9:12:11. Claws with long pseudarolia as in *A. dichrous*.

Biology: On *Quercus*.

Etymology: Greek mythology: Melpomene, Muse of Tragedy.

Material. Holotype ♀: Iraq, Ninawa, Jebel Sinjar, 8.V.1981, Linnavuori, in coll. Linnavuori.

Similar to *A. dichrous* Kerzhner (West Mediterranean) but readily distinguished by the large size, elongate body, much longer antennae, basally dark hind femora, immaculate tibiae, and dark 3rd tarsomeres. *A. dichrous*: Length 2.2–2.7 mm. 2nd antennal segment as long as diatone. Hind femora totally pale. Tibiae with small dark setigerous dots. Tarsi, uniformly pale.

***Chlamydatus (Eurymerochoris) penthesileia* sp.n.**

Figs. 3m–g, 6, 7a–d.

Length 2.5 mm (macropterous form), 1.75–2.0 (brachypterous form). Macropterous form shiny, brachypterous form subopaque. Blackish brown. Eyes red. Antennae black. Elytra dark brown, membrane