Mateiral examined of S. albofasciatus: Algeria, 20 km. west of Laghouat, 1 3, 10. V. 1964, Eckerlein, my collection.

S. malaisei Ldb.

3. Length 4 mm. Colouring as in S. wagneri (Kir.) Lv. (see Linnavuori 1964, 328 – 329).

Body much more gracile than in S. wagneri. Head much smaller, $0.8 \times$ as broad as pronotum, in frontal view slightly broader than high (19.5:18); ocular index 1.84. Antennae long, proportions between joints 11:35:32:22; 2nd joint 1.8 \times as long as diatone, 1.46 \times as long as basal width of pronotum. Pronotum rather opaque. Hind tibia $2.42 \times$ as long as basal width of pronotum.

Q. Length 3.75 mm. Resembling S. wagneri, but more opaque, especially in dorsum of abdomen. Elytra reddish brown, with middle white band strongly constricted on clavus; the apical band, present in S. wagneri, absent. Abdomen dorsally dark brown.

Head broader than pronotum (24:21), globose, in apical view slightly higher than broad (25:24); eyes small, ocular index 4.21. Proportions between antennal joints 10:32:30:?; 2nd joint 1.33 × as long as diatone, 1.5 × as long as basal width of pronotum. Elytra shorter and less upcurved apically than in S. wagneri. Hind tibia 2.8 × as long as basal width of pronotum.

Range: The Far East of USSR.

Material studied: USSR, Nikolsk, Ussur, Prim. obl, 1 ♀, N. Kusnetsov; Sitenovo, Amursk, 1 ♂, 13. VII. 1959, I. Kerzhner, Mus. Leningrad.

S. velox Hv.

Length 4.5 – 5 mm. Shiny, dark brown species, easily distinguished by the white pattern of elytra (Fig. 3 b).

Head in apical view broader than high (21.5:19), about $0.7 \times$ as broad as pronotum; frons with distinct raised microsculptured transverse bands on either side, vertex with two similar curved longitudinal bands; eyes unusually large, ocular index 0.92-1.0. Proportions between antennal joints 10:35:30:20; 2nd joint $1.63-1.79 \times$ as long as diatone, $1.17-1.24 \times$ as long as basa, width of pronotum; 3rd joint as long as basal width of pronotum. Rostrum to hind coxae. Pronotum convex, strongly broadening caudad, surface slightly uneven. Scutellum rather swollen. Legs gracile, hind tibia $2.53 \times$ as long as basal width of pronotum.

Range: Tunisia, Libya, Israel.

Material studied: Tunisia, Fedjedj, 1 & type and 3 & paratypes of S. velox, Vibert, Mus. Budapest; Thala, 1 & (as S. micelii), coll. Puton, Mus. Paris. Israel, Zeelim, 1 &, 6. IV. 1965, Kugler, my collection.

S. discoidalis Hv.

Systellonotus discoidalis HORVATH 1894, p. 120. Systellonotus kiritshenkoi Poppius 1912, p. 202, syn.n.

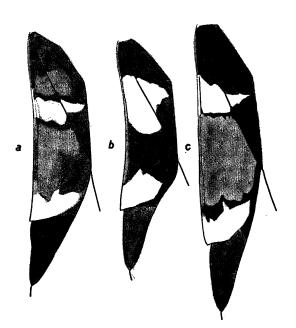


Fig. 3. Pattern of elytron of Systellonotus championi Rt. a, S. velox Hv. b and S. lesbia sp.n. c.

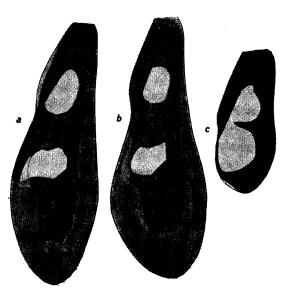


Fig. 4. Pattern of elytron of Ectomocoris caucasicus sp.n. a, E. jordanensis Lv. b and E. melanogaster (Fb.). c.