

Fig. 20. Hadrophyes sulphurella Pt.: a vesica. – H. decipiens sp. n.: b-c vesica; d right stylus; e left stylus, lateral aspect; f same from above; g theca. – Psallus (Compsidolon) elegantulum Rt.: h vesica; i-j left stylus; k right stylus; l theca.

Tutthus Fb.

T. parviceps (Rt.) - Cairo, some, 10. - 19. VI. 1961, IX. 1962; Fayoum, 2 spec. 13. - 14. VI. 1961; Meadi, 1 spec., 12. VI. 1961. On Cyperus spp. in damp places and at lamps.

## Yotvata gen. n.

Earlier (LINNAVUORI 1961, p. 17-19) I regarded Compsidolon Rt. as a valid genus, basing my opinion on the genital structure of C. acacicola Lv. Now I have been able to examine males of the enigmatic type species C. elegantulum Rt. (Jordania, Petra, Eckerlein leg., Fig. 20 h-l). The species is obviously congeneric with species of Psallus Fb. subgen. Coniortodes E. Wgn. (E. Wagner 1954, syn. n., regarded as a valid genus by Kerzhner 1962, p. 383.) Since C. elegantulum is not congeneric with acacicola Lv., this leaves the latter without a generic name. The description of a new genus Yolvata – named after the first find locality of the species in Israel is as follows:

As Psallus subgen. Compsidolon Rt., but hair

covering of elytra simple, consisting only of erect light brown hairs, and genitalia different: left stylus like a peaked cap, theca bearing a pair of long basal processes and vesica provided with an undulate, serrate apical membrane and with the secondary gonopore far from apex. For a complete description of the type species see LINNAYUORI (op. cit., pp. 18 – 19).

Type: Compsidolon acacicola Lv.

Y. acacicola (Lv.) - Luxor, some, 26. 28. VII. 1961. On Acacia. New to Egypt. The species has a wide range in the Eremian zone. Specimens available from Arabia, Israel and the Sudan.

## Psallus Fb.

P. (s. str.) deserticola E. Wgn. - Cairo - Suez desert road, many, 14. - 15. IX. 1962. Very common on Haloxylon salicornicum.

## P. (Compsidolon) sinaiticus sp. n.

2.4-2.7 mm. Pale greyish ochraceous. Head sometimes with faint fulvous markings. Antennae pale, 1st joint with 2 small dark dots. Pronotum with a longitudinal line of dark dots behind either eye and extending to the basal half