

Fig. 17. Tuponia concinnoides n.sp.: a - b vesica. - T. obscuriceps Rt. (specimen from Israel): d right stylus; c left stylus; f theca; h - i vesica. - T. concinna Rt. (specimen from Algeria): g right stylus; e theca; j vesica. - Orig.

Material studied: Eupatoria, South Russia, 3 spec. (types), 27 - 30. V. 1905, Jakovlev. - Caspian.

T. obscuriceps Rt.

Tuponia obscuriceps Reuter 1901, p. 195.

T. vitticollis Reuter 1902, p. 67, n.syn.

T. richteri E. WAGNER 1957, p. 100 - 101, n. syn.

Head unusually broad and short,  $0.s-0.9 \times as$  broad as basal width of pronotum. Vertex  $1.5-1.8 \times (3)$  or  $2.6 \times (9)$  as broad as eye. Proportions between antennal joints 5+21+15+10 (3) or 5+21.5+14+10 (9) (1 unit = 0.038 mm.), 2nd joint  $0.s \times as$  long as basal width of pronotum. Rostrum extending to middle coxae. Male genitalia: Right stylus (fig. 17 d) elongate, ending in a sharp apex. Left stylus (fig. 17 c) with hypophysis claw-like, upturned;