



Fig. 5. *Orthotylus pusillus* Rt.: a right stylus, lateral aspect; b same, median aspect; c penis. — *Brachynotocoris cyprus* E. Wgn.: e right stylus, lateral aspect; d left stylus, lateral aspect; f same, median aspect. — *Nasocoris albipennis* Ldb.: g stylus, lateral aspect; h same, median aspect. — *Psallopsis bisulcis* n.sp.: i vesica. — Orig.

basal portion, thickened and strongly upturned in apical part; sensory lobe with a small tooth. Penis (fig. 4 h) with simple chitinized bands of vesica.

Type, a male; allotype, a female and 16 paratypes, Revivim, 2. VIII. 1958, l. 6 paratypes, Greece, Piraeus, 10. VIII. 1958, l. Types in my collection.

On *Atriplex halimus*.

The new species belong to the group *Halocapsus* Pt. Owing to the hair covering of the upper surface, it resembles *O. hirtulus* E. Wgn. from Egypt, but differs in the whitish yellow colouring and in the shape of the styli. The right stylus of *O. hirtulus* has only one apical tooth and the hypophysis of the left stylus is much slenderer. In the shape of the right stylus the new species resembles *O. pusillus* Rt., but differs from it in the colouring and in the male genitalia. In *O. minutus* Jak., *O. haloxytoni* E. Wgn., and *O. schoberiae* Rt. the rostrum extends only to the middle coxae and the male genitalia are dissimilar. Those of the type of *O. minutus* have been illustrated in fig. 4 d – g. *O. parvulus* Rt., in which the rostrum extends at least to the distal margin of the hind coxae, has a broader vertex, green colouring and yellow veins of the membrane.

*O. haloxytoni* E. Wgn. — Eilat-Tebkha, 6 spec., 15. I. 1957, Ginsburg (WAGNER 1959, p. 38).

— On *Haloxylon* (WAGNER 1956, p. 7). — Eremian. Also known from Egypt.

*O. pusillus* Rt. — Eilat, 40 spec., 20. VI. 1958, l.; Revivim, 1 spec., 23. VI. 1958, l. — On *Suaeda monoica* in a salt-marsh. — Eremian. Previously known from North Africa and Greece.

The male genitalia of the species have been illustrated in fig. 4 i, 5 a – c.