



Fig. 1. *Cyrtopeltis impictus* n.sp.: a pygofer (δ), lateral aspect; b – c left stylus. – *Hypomimus secundus* n.sp.: d head and thorax, lateral view; e left stylus from below g same, lateral aspect: f vesica; h theca. – Orig.

obliquely erect. Legs gracile, with yellow hairs. Male genitalia: Genital segment as in fig. 1 a. Right stylus very small and gracile. Left stylus (fig. 1 b – c) with a long, curved hypophysis, sensory lobe roundedly prominent and provided with several long hairs.

Type, a male and the allotype, a female, taken on an unidentified broad-leaved tree in 'Ein Gedi, 19. VI. 1958, l. The types in my collection.

C. tenuis Rt. and *C. canariensis* (Lbd.) are conspicuously larger than the new species, length 3.5 mm. or more. *C. pygmaea* E. Wgn. from Egypt resembles my species in size, but the vertex is only $1.66 \times$ (δ) or $1.8 \times$ (φ) as broad as the eye, the 2nd antennal joint only $2.6 - 2.7 \times$ as long as the 1st and the hypophysis of the left stylus of the male shorter and stouter.

Dicyphus Fb.

(*D. tamaninii* E. Wgn.) – Jericho, Transjordan, 1 spec., 12. III. 1904, J. Sahlberg (!). – Holomediterranean, also recorded from the South of France, Italy, Yugoslavia and Tunisia.

D. lindbergi E. Wgn. – Dan, 4 spec., 7. VII. 1958, l. – Swept from the ground vegetation (ferns, e.g. *Adiantum capillus-Veneris*, *Cyperaceae* and *Labiatae*) in a dense, shady and moist grove at the source of the Jordan. – Syrio-Anatolian, previously known from Cyprus and Syria. The specimens from Israel have the vertex a little narrower than the specimens from Cyprus, but the male genitalia are similar.

D. tamaricis Pt. – Palestine (BODENHEIMER op.cit.). – Eremian; otherwise recorded only from Algeria and Tunisia. The record from Israel apparently erroneous.