

Fig. 7. Compsonannus umbrosus sp. n. a: dorsal view; b: hind leg; c: antenna. — C. atricomis sp. n. d: male, dorsal view; e: hind leg.

strongly diverging caudad, insinuated, humeral angles acute, hind margin slightly insinuated; calli weakly (3) or distinctly (9) elevated, disc moderately convex. Elytra in or longer than abdomen, in o elongately ovate, coriaceous, leaving apical part of abdomen uncovered. Venter with pale appressed pubescence. Hind femora with slight pale elevations. Hind tibia 1.6 (\circlearrowleft) or 1.3 (\circlearrowleft) \times as long as basal width of pronotum; tibial spines delicate, pale. Proportions between hind tarsomeres 5:7:9. Claws as in the preceding species. — Male genitalia in Figs. 6e-j, 8a-c. Pygofer broadly conical. Apical process of right style claw-like, recurved laterad. Dorsal margin of left style strongly prolonged forming a high plug-like process, apical processes of hypophysis and sensory lobe short. Vesica as in the preceding species but apical part narrower.

Biology: Abundant on *Maerua crassifolia* near Hais; at Harad swept from *Tamarix*; at Gadaba found on an unidentified shrub in a hilly habitat.

Genus Compsonannus Reuter

Compsonannus Reuter 1902:63. Type species C. puncticornis Reuter.

Revision in Linnavuori 1990:123–128. The genus, which contains five previously known species, is closely related to *Compsidolon* Reuter, but is readily distinguished by the maculate or black 2nd antennal segment and the strongly marmorate membrane of the elytra. Moreover, the vesica is robust, provided with one or two apical processes, in the latter case the lower process is dentate; sometimes the apex of the vesica is triangularly expanded, simple; gonopore close to apex. In *Compsidolon* the 2nd antennal segment is uniformly pale and the membrane of the elytra at most faintly mottled. The vesica is long and ends in a scythe-like apical part, and the gonopore is located far from the apex.

Distribution: Eremian, extending from Morocco to Palestine and the Arabian Peninsula.