

with minute dentation and three membranous, marginally dentate lobes, a spine-like process present at gonopore.

Biology: In Iraq found on bark of trunks and lower branches of large oaks. The specimen from Turkey was swept from *Juniperus*.

Distribution: Anatolian. Recorded from Syria, Northern Iraq, Turkey, and Bulgaria (Josifov 1986:44).

***A. elegans* sp. n.**

Figs. 3, 4a–k, 6a–c

Material studied: Yemen: Abyan, near Maifa'ah, ♂ holotype, several paratypes, 7.IV and 19.IV.1992, Linnavuori, in coll. Linnavuori (AMNH).

Diagnosis: Pale ochraceous. Pronotum brown with whitish pattern. Elytra unicolored with minute faint reddish dotting, Legs pale.

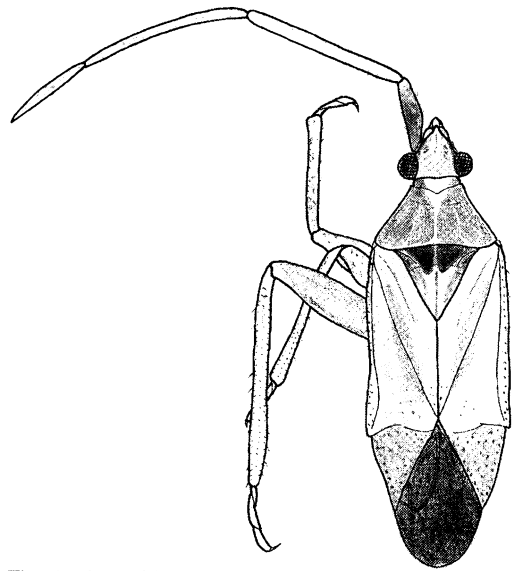


Fig. 3. *Acrorrhinium elegans* sp. n., male.

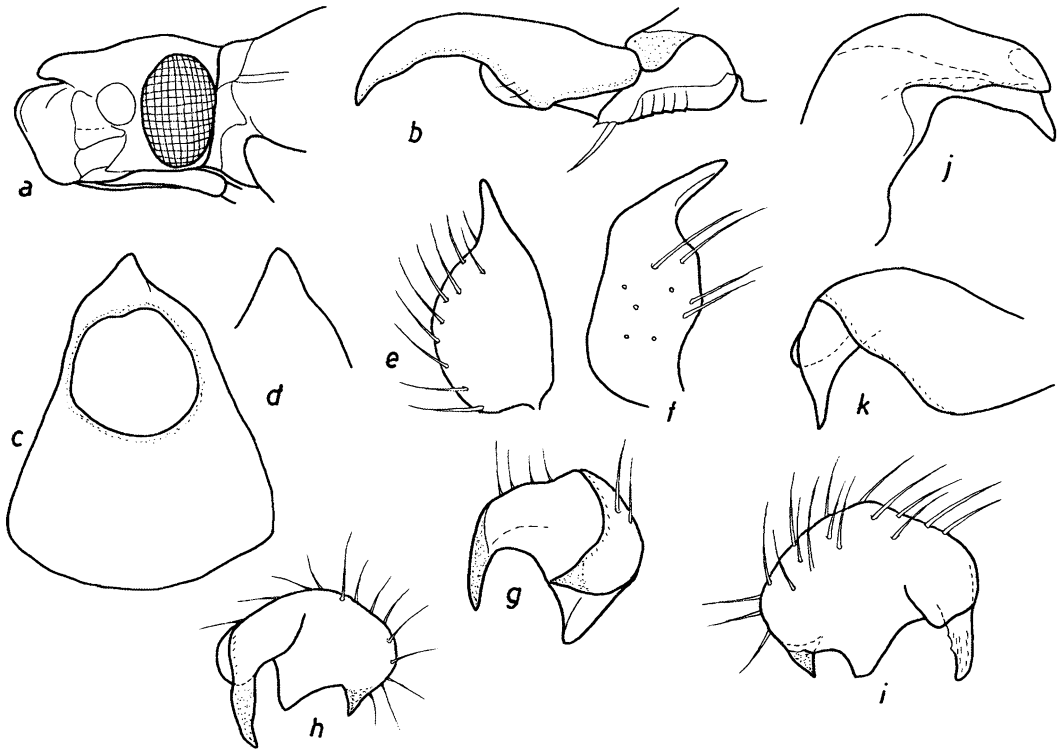


Fig. 4. *Acrorrhinium elegans* sp. n. a: male head, lateral view; b: claw; c: pygofer, dorsal view; d: apex of pygofer, ventral view; e–f: right style in glycerine and in slide mount; g–i: left style in lateral, dorsal and ventral view; j–k: theca.