Head polished; eyes smaller and vertex more convex than in vestitus; neck behind the eye a little less than diameter of eye; segment I of antennæ attaining apex of head; II scarcely three times I; III subequal to II; IV longer than I; sides of pronotum nearly rectilinear; callosities not so prominent as in allied species; elytra together a third as wide as long, subhyaline, surface clothed with scattering stiff white hairs. Color, creamy white; head with large discal spot above and broad base fuscous, or fuscous with a large spot against each eye and the cheeks pale; pronotum dusky on base and at tips of humeri; basal angles, sometimes divided, and median line on apical lobe of scutellum fuscous; elytra with a large round spot on corium opposite tip of clavus and almost touching costa and tip of cuneus fuscous; apical third of clavus faintly dotted with brown; membrane pale fuliginous with large pale spots beyond apex of cuneus; antennæ with segment I broadly. II near base and apex and III and IV faintly, smoky; tips of rostrum and tarsi brown; inferior margin of pronotum and apex of male abdomen at times embrowned.

Described from numerous specimens taken from Solanum hindsianum on San Lorenzo Island, May 9.

*Type:* Male, No. 1019, and *allotype*, female, No. 1020, Mus. Calif. Acad. Sci., collected May 9, 1921, on San Lorenzo Island, Gulf of California.

## 112. Dicyphus diffractus Van Duzee, new species

Allied to *disclusus* but paler and wanting the round elytral spots and the dark markings of the head. Length 2.5 mm.

Head narrower than in *disclusus*, the vertex more produced between the antennæ and exceeding the clypeus, the suture very deep. Segment I of antennæ longer; II scarcely more than twice I; III a little shorter than II; IV equal to I. Color, testaceous white; segment I of antennæ fuscous when mature; clypeus and vertex more embrowned; pronotum pale brownish, whitish along either side and less obviously so on the median line, callosities tinged with yellow. Scutellum dusky with pale median line; elytra subhyaline, apical half of clavus irrorate with pale brown, its scutellar and commissural margins slenderly fuscous; corium sparsely irrorate within, forming a small dusky spot at inner apical angle; posterior margin of cuneus at tip embrowned; membrane faintly smoky, with brown nervures and whitish spot at apex of cuneus; tip of rostrum and tarsal claws fuscous.

Described from one male and three female examples taken at Puerto Ballandra, Carmen Island. This species seems to connect Dicyphus with Engytatus, having the head shorter behind the eye than in Dicyphus.

Type: Male, No. 1021, and allotype, female, No. 1022, Mus. Calif. Acad. Sci., collected May 21, 1921, at Puerto Ballandra, Carmen Island, Gulf of California.