

the Hemiptera of Lake Tahoe, but that species differs in wanting the fuscous markings on the elytra, in its narrower vertex and in the much longer and more pointed male clasper. I possess one specimen of what seems to be the true *rufipennis* Fallén, taken by me at Ward, Colorado, July 18, 1893, at an elevation of 9,500 feet, so that species should again be placed in our fauna. This specimen from Ward is a male and has the uniform coloration, fuscous vestiture, narrower vertex with weak basal carina and the smaller size of *rufipennis*.

Holotype, male, No. 770, and *allotype*, female, No. 771, Mus. Calif. Acad. Sci.; *paratypes* in the Academy's collection and in that of the author.

Type locality, Huntington Lake, Fresno County, Calif.

15. *Coquillettia uhleri*, new species

Aspect of *insignis*, longer and more slender, pale portions of elytra pale yellow, membrane almost entirely fuscous. Length 7 mm.

Head about as in *insignis*, produced beyond eye for a space about equal to greatest length of eye and to length of first antennal segment, subequal to width of vertex between eyes. Pronotum as in *insignis*, a little more than one-half as long as its basal width; scutellum almost equilateral; elytra nearly parallel, scarcely widened at apex of corium, distinctly so in *insignis*; tip of abdomen scarcely surpassing apex of corium; second antennal segment equal to sutural margin of clavus; III subequal to II, IV twice length of I; rostrum attaining apex of mesosternum.

Color, rufo-brunneus, clearer red on scutellum, anterior portion of pronotum and legs, tip of tibiae and tarsi infuscated; elytra pale canary-yellow, the clavus, broad apex of corium, and extreme tip of cuneus, olive-brown; membrane uniformly infuscated with margin next cuneus narrowly white; antennæ and legs clothed with minute fuscous hairs; cheeks, coxæ and pleural sutures a clearer red.

Described from one male taken by Mr. Fordyce Grinnell at Pasadena, Calif., May 29, 1909. In this species the apical fuscous band of the corium is a little shorter than the width of the corium at that point with its basal margin oblique, nearly parallel with the apical margin of the corium and quite broadly connecting with the fuscous of the clavus. This is the "variety" mentioned by Dr. Uhler in his description of *insignis*.

Holotype, in collection of the author.