

30. *Parthenicus covilleæ*, new species

Aspect of *picicollis* but paler; fulvous yellow with uniformly black membrane; length 3-4 mm.

Head somewhat less produced than in *picicollis*, the extension below the eye rather less than the greatest width of the eye; clypeus prominent with a deep depression between its base and the apex of the front. Antennæ similar to those of *picicollis*; first segment thickened, scarcely surpassing the apex of the head; second subequal to third and fourth united. Elytral costa very slightly arcuated. Upper surface clothed with long stiff concolorous or pale hairs becoming blackish on the disk of the elytra and somewhat matted about the apex of the clavus giving that place a blackish aspect in perfect examples. Male claspers small, rounded when viewed from the side; the dextral subacute and oblique; the sinistral produced along the ventral wall of the segment to its apex.

Color a soiled yellowish fulvous, more or less tinged with red, in fully colored examples showing a transverse band covering the scutellum, base of the elytra and the cuneus, reddish. Membrane uniformly deep fuscous, the nervures red; sometimes there is a small paler lunule at the apex of the cuneus. Legs and antennæ paler, the basal segment of the latter more reddish. Tarsal claws black. Abdomen of the male sometimes tinged with green.

Described from 27 examples, representing both sexes, taken on creasote bush, *Covillea mexicana*, at Palm Springs and Coachella, Calif., May 18-21, 1917, where it was abundant and just reaching maturity. The uniformly yellowish color and blackish membrane will distinguish this species. Only the most fully colored individuals show indications of sanguineous irroration in the reddish areas on the base of the elytra and cuneus.

Holotype (No. 425), male from Palm Springs, allotype (No. 426), female from Coachella, and paratypes in collection of the California Academy of Sciences.

31. *Parthenicus candidus*, new species

Closely allied to *vaccini*, the femora wanting the fuscous dotting but marked with a few black points; white, dotted with black; base of scutellum and thickened vein at base of membrane sanguineous; membrane white with two marginal spots and a few discal points brown; length 3-3½ mm.

Male: Head short, vertical; produced below the eye for less than the width of the eye; clypeus prominent; its basal incisure distinct. Antennæ as in *vaccini*; first segment but little surpassing the apex of the head, thicker, armed near the apex with two black bristles set in black dots; second as long as basal width of pronotum; third two thirds the length of second; fourth hardly longer than basal. Rostrum attaining the middle of the venter, the first segment passing the middle of the anterior coxæ.