Described from one pair taken by Mr. Giffard at Niles Canyon, June 13, 1917, and three females from Crystal Springs, San Mateo Co., taken June 25, 1916. The male and one female want the brown line on the inner margin of the clavus. This form is closely related to *pendula* and might be taken for a pale form of that species, but I believe the characters given are of specific value.

Holotype (No. 344), male, from Niles Canyon, in collection of the California Academy of Sciences.

Allotype, female, from Niles Canyon, in collection of Mr. Giffard.

Paratypes in collections of Mr. Giffard and the author.

142. Paraproba nigrinervis, new species

Aspect of cincta, more slender and uniformly pale greenish white, eyes black; antennæ, nervures of the membrane and tip of the cuneus fuscous.

Length to tip of membrane 4½ mm.

Head more produced and narrowed behind than in pendula, with the eyes more prominent, hemispherical in the male; front vertical, the clypeus prominent. Antennæ long and slender, about as long as the entire body to the tip of the membrane; first segment as long as the head viewed from above; second nearly four times the length of the first and about one-half its thickness; third two-thirds the length of the second; fourth a little shorter than the third, the last two setaceous. Rostrum attaining the base of the venter, the first segment passing the base of the head. Pronotum narrow, its basal width hardly more than one-third greater than the length; anterior margin short, about equal to the base of the head; callosities obvious, but not prominent; base of the scutellum well exposed. Elytra long and parallel, a little flaring at apex, the tip of the abdomen about attaining the base of the cuneus in the male. Cuneus very long, about three times its basal width, obtuse at apex. Upper surface sparsely clothed with soft white hairs. Color a tender greenish or yellowish white, the corium and cuneus more deeply tinted with green. Antennæ infuscated, the basal segment almost black; base of the first and second segments paler; nervures of the membrane heavy and fuscous except on their basal third, with the infuscated apex of the cuneus forming a conspicuous transverse black line acutely angled at its middle. Tarsi very slightly infuscated

Described from twelve examples representing both sexes, taken by Mr. Giffard and myself from grape vines at Laurel Dell on the Blue Lakes, Lake Co., August 3, 1916, a male taken by Mr. Giffard at Niles Canyon, June 13, 1916, and a female taken at Muir Woods in August, 1916. Mr. Giffard also took numbers of this species at Fallen Leaf Lake, August 21, 1916, and at Yosemite in June, 1916. Diaphnidia provancheri has somewhat the aspect of this insect but the head is