behind distinguished by a feebly arcuated conspicuous transverse impressed line. Basal lobe of the scutellum moderately exposed. Elytra subhyaline.

Color very pale testaceous, almost white, tinged with yellow on the pronotum, scutellum and legs, and with fulvous on the head, the basal carina of the vertex being of a deeper fulvous. Middle line of the vertex and front, a transverse line between the antennæ, narrow lateral margins of the pronotum, a median vitta on the scutellum, expanded on the basal lobe, and the slender scutellar and commissural edges of the clavus, black. Beneath with a broad percurrent black vitta on either side. Basal joint of the antennæ black; the second ferruginous, fuscous on apical third; third fuscous. Tips of the tibiæ and the tarsi darker. Elytra whitish-testaceous, subhyaline, with an obscure fuscous line inside the principal nervure; the apex of the costal area touched with fulvous. Membrane faintly infuscated, the nervure brownish, the surface of the areole milky-hyaline. Surface very minutely pale pubescent.

Described from a single female example taken by Mrs. Annie Trumbull Slosson on Mt. Washington, N. H. This interesting addition to our Capsid fauna may be distinguished by its whitish color marked with a black line on the vertex, scutellum, sides of the body beneath, and narrow lateral margins of the pronotum. The male is likely to be more broadly marked with black.

Type, female, in collection of Mrs. A. T. Slosson.

33. Orthotylus necopinus, new species.

Allied to dorsalis, but much larger and a little more widened posteriorly; dark fuscous brown with an obscure dorsal vitta and a pale arc at the base of the cuneus. Length 6½mm. to tip of membrane.

Head as in *dorsalis*, the vertex much flattened, almost excavated before the very prominent basal carina. Front rather prominent, polished; clypeus less prominent than in the allied species, its incised base a little below the line of the antennæ. Eyes large, viewed from the side ovate and reaching nearly to the gula. Pronotum as in *dorsalis*, well narrowed anteriorly; callosities small, prominent; posterior lobe transversely rugose;