This genus is aberrant wherever it may be placed and seems in a way to connect the Capsinæ with the Bryocorinæ.

Type: Camptobrochis phorodendron@ Van D.

Psallus albatus n. sp.

Aspect of *Plagiognathus spilotus* Fieh. Whitish; clypeus, hasal joint of the antennæ, vitta on either side of the pronotum, clavus within, two subapical marks on the corium and two on the membrane piceous or black. Length 4 mm.

Head moderately produced, almost vertical. Vertex nearly as broad as long, convex, polished, without a basal carina. Clypeus prominent, its base a little above the line connecting the base of the antennæ, not separated from the vertex by a distinct impressed line. Eyes minutely granulated, reaching well below the middle of the sides of the head; angle of the face much less than a right angle. Antennæ inserted close to the eyes and a little above their lower angle; basal joint scarcely surpassing the clypeus. Pronotum about as in genus *Plagiognathus*, about one-half broader than long; anterior margin straight, posterior feebly concavely arcuated; callosities large, contiguous. Basal lobe of the scutellum a little exposed. Elytra somewhat longer than the abdomen, subparallel, a little wider behind, the costa very feebly arcuated. Oviduct of female reaching well toward the base of the venter.

Color a soiled white, more or less tinged with fulvous on the vertex. anterior lobe of the pronotum, scutellum, base of the elytra and the femora, especially in the male. Clypeus and basal joint of the antennæ, its extreme apex excepted, black and polished; sides of the pronotum behind the callosities both above and below, inner half of the clavus, and two elongated spots toward the apex of the corium dull black. Membrane white with the areoles and a spot beyond the cuneus fuscous in the female, the male has these marks much extended leaving only the middle area of the membrane pale; veins pale in both sexes. Base of the pronotum discolored by the black mesonotum beneath. Hind femora with a few black points irregularly placed; tibial spines black but without black points at their base; tarsi infuscated. In the male the abdomen is black and