

oval, scarcely sinuated before. Rostrum attaining the apex of the hind coxæ. Antennæ short; basal joint just passing the apex of the head; second as long as the pronotum and eye together when viewed from above; third and fourth together as long as the second in the female, a little shorter in the male. Pronotum short, more narrowed anteriorly in the male, the sides straight; callosities narrow in the female, nearly obsolete in the male, surface polished. Base of the scutellum narrowly exposed. Elytra nearly parallel, flat; cuneus long and acute at apex, nearly horizontal.

Color piceous or black, the elytra usually a little paler. Antennæ testaceous-yellow, dusky at apex. Elytra with a broad white band across just beyond the tip of the scutellum which may be much reduced in the male; base of the cuneus broadly white; membrane uniformly smoky, iridescent, its nervures black. Legs pale yellow or fulvous, the posterior femora fuscous or piceous; tibiæ immaculate, the spines concolorous, the tarsal claws black. Rostrum pale with the tip black.

Described from numerous specimens taken on *Ceanothus* in the spring, March to June. This species is very distinct by its polished black color with two conspicuous transverse white bands.

193. *Leucopocila albofasciata* Reut. Common in alfalfa fields throughout the year.

194. *Maurodactylus semiustus* n. sp.

Soiled greenish white more or less tinged with fulvous; membrane uniformly smoky; above clothed with short dark deciduous hairs. Length to tip of membrane scant 3 mm.

Head short, vertical, about two thirds the width of the hind margin of the pronotum, strongly tinged with fulvous; vertex broad, convex, polished; basal suture of the clypeus not distinct, a little above the base of the antennæ. Rostrum almost attaining the apex of the hind coxæ. Antennæ rather long, more or less infuscated; basal joint just passing the tip of the head, thickened at apex; second nearly as long as the basal margin of the pronotum; third and fourth together twice the length of the second, the third twice as long as the fourth. Pronotum short, transverse, the sides arcuated; callosities moderately prominent; surface polished, quite strongly tinged with green on the disk of the callosities, the margins more yellowish. Basal lobe of the scutellum narrowly exposed. Elytra concolorous, polished, with the black hairs more persistent. Membrane uniformly smoky but paler in the areoles, the nervures pale. Beneath are legs concolorous, the basal margin of the venter more greenish or this color may cover the pleural pieces. Tibial spines and apex of the tarsi black.

Described from a good series swept from a low weed found growing on top of the rocky hills at Mussey's, April 11th, 1914. This insect has much the aspect of a *Tryponia* and perhaps should be placed in that genus but in Reuter's key to the genera of this tribe it runs directly to *Maurodactylus*. The uniformly smoky membrane and greenish yellow color, below as well as above, will distinguish this tiny species.