149. *Platytylellus basivittis* Stal. Occasional, April to July. I have taken some color varieties which probably are not distinct from this species.

150. Stenodema gracilis n. sp.

Aspect of *vicina* but more slender with the antennæ black or nearly so. Length 7-8 mm.

Head a little more produced before the antennæ than in vicina, the median sulcus distinct; Antennæ longer, first joint thinner and distinctly longer than in that species, as long as the pronotum. Rostrum attaining the hind coxæ, the first joint just reaching the base of the head. Pronotum narrower and more convex than in the allied species, coarsely punctured, the median smooth line nearly obsolete; sides sharply carinate, narrowly foliaceous. Basal lobe of the scutellum a little exposed, disk of posterior lobe obscurely transversely punctate or rugose. Elytra slender, parallel, punctured except on the broad costal area and cuneus. Legs shorter and more slender than in vicina.

Color: Female, yellowish-testaceous. Antennæ dark castaneous or piceous black; a broad black vitta covers the sides of the head including the base of the antennæ and the eyes, crosses the pronotum and covers the basal angles of the scutellum. Elytra dusky brownish with the smooth costal margin and cuneus pale. Beneath and legs pale with indications of a longitudinal vitta across the pleural pieces and sides of the abdomen; tip of the rostrum and tarsi black; femora not dotted. The basal joint of the antennæ is paler beneath and the middle line of the rostrum is dark.

In the male the black vittæ above and below are much extended, covering most of the surface; above omitting a nearly parallel yellowish median vitta to the apex of the scutellum, and the expanded sides of the pronotum and elytra; the disk of the elytra is dark brown, more blackish on the scutellum. Antennæ black; rostrum as in the female; the femora a little darker.

Described from numerous specimens of both sexes taken at San Diego, Lakeside and Mussey's during April and May. From Carberry in Canada I have received a pale example of what is probably this same species, showing a wide range to the north. Although the base of the scutellum is narrowly exposed the base of the pronotum is truncate and the species evidently belongs to Stenodema.

- 151. Trigonotylus breviceps Jakw. This species which I believe I have rightly identified is common on a low fine grass growing in moist locations at most places where I have collected in this county. It is found throughout the year.
- 152. Dicyphus californicus Stal. April and May. Common.
- 153. Dicyphus vestitus Uhler. Occasional in the back country from April to June. I have taken few individuals of this species that are as dark as indicated by Dr. Uhler.
- 154. Dicyphus minutus Uhler. April, a few only. 155. Paraproba pendula n. sp.

Allied to fasciata Dist. but evidently distinct. Whitish; head