two transverse bands, one at apex and the other beyond the tip of the scutellum; the inner margin of the clavus is often brown and the pale areas are dotted with brown; the whole surface varied with groups of white hairs. Cuneus pale with the inner angle fuscous and the extreme tip castaneous-brown. Membrane blackish with the base, a marginal spot at the apex of the cuneus and a fainter one on the disk whitish. Beneath the sternum and meso-and meta-pleura are marked with black and there are about three black dots on the propleura. Legs pale, normally with two or three fuscous bands. Length 4 mm.

Described from numerous examples taken on elderberry trees growing along the streams and gullies throughout the county. This tree or shrub has a powerful and exceedingly disagreeable and suffocating odor which is not alluded to in any botanical work on this region to which I have access.

- 139. Camptobrochis fulvescens Reut. Alpine, two examples taken in June. This seems to be our only representative of the subgenus Euarmosus in which the body is more flattened above and the embolium is continued distinct as far as the cureus.
- 140. Camptobrochis schwarzi Uhler. This species is abundant on the chaparral from May to July and is subject to great variation in color. Some are nearly as pale as fulvescens while others are almost entirely black above, with the head, collum and cuneus only rufous; beneath the body and legs are mostly rufous; antennæ pale rufous with the thickened apex of the second joint black. In this species the sides of the pronotum are straight or almost sinuated, nearly to the apex and are punctured close to the edge without the smooth carina found in cerachates and fulgidus; from the latter it also differs by the colored antennæ and legs, black scutellum and rufous cuneus.

141. Camptobrochis fulgidus n. sp.

Deep shining black; head rufo-testaceous, scutellum sanguineous. Length 5 mm.

Form of schwarzi; broad oval, convex. Head as in the allied species, polished, rufo-testaceous; tip of the clypeus and a line below the antennæ dusky. Antennæ entirely black. Rostrum blackish. Pronotum unusually convex and with the elytra polished and coarsely punctured; callosities prominent, polished, confluent; sides distinctly regularly arcuated, the extreme edge carinate and impunctate. Scutellum polished, impunctate, sanguineous or sometimes dusky on the extreme base, strongly convex as in schwarzi. Membrane black, minutely corrugated but smooth in the areoles. Beneath the legs black.

Described from numerous examples taken about San Diego and as far east as Alpine, March to June. I also have one specimen taken by Mr. Fordyce Grinnell at Pasadena and I took another at Fort Collins, Colo., in July, 1900. This species has much the color of sayi but pertains to a different section of the genus distin-