shade of rufous-brown becoming pale yellow behind the vertex and marked with a fuscous line before the hind margin; this margin with a line of silvery scales which may be continued well around the humeri. Elytra obscure brown on the basal half, sometimes washed with pale along the claval suture and more or less distinctly irrorated; this brown area darkened behind where it is cut off obliquely to the apex of the scutellum and is followed by a whitish area, the apical half of the corium paler and more obviously irrorate with sanguineous and flecked with whitish on the costal and apical margins; basal half of the cuneus lemon yellow, the apical half sanguineous; tip of the clavus and two points on the margin next the membrane fuscous. Membrane infuscated, quite evenly irrorate with white and with two larger white spots beyond the tip of the cuneus, the nervures largely sanguineous. Sternum darker between the anterior and intermediate coxæ. Venter dull sanguineous becoming yellow toward the apex and a little infuscated on the venter in the female. Hind femora dark sanguineous, paler at base: apex more or less distinctly irrorate: hind tibiæ with a broad fuscous annulus near its base.

Described from numerous examples taken on oak bushes at all places where I have collected, April to June. When immature the colors are paler but the pattern of marking which is much like that of *infuscata* is always distinct. I consider Reuter's var. *infuscata* of *puella* a distinct species as it is constant in its characters and the form of the male genital segment is characteristic and distinctive, while *puella* and its other variety *confluens* are similar.

124. *Phytocoris eximius* Reut. A form that seems to belong here is fairly common from April to October. A number of other closely allied forms also occur here which I have not had the time to work out.

125. Phytocoris jucundus n. sp.

Aspect of *cunealis* but smaller and more rufous, larger than *infuscata*. Length about 8 mm.

Head of the same form as in infuscata, whitish with rufous irrorations which are few on the disk of the vertex. Basal joint of the antennæ proportionately shorter and thicker than in infuscata, as long as the pronotum and head to the base of the antennæ, a little thicker toward its base; armed with a few stout bristles; dark rufous irrorate with paler; second join nearly three times the length of the first, linear, infuscated, with a broad pale medium annulus and a narrow one on the base; third and fourth together more slender and about as long as the second, the apical blackish. Rostrum just passing the hind coxæ, pale, becoming black at apex. Pronotum as in infuscata; dull rufous, paler on the disk; slender hind edge pale, set off by a row of black scales; surface clothed with soft pale hairs and deciduous black bristles. Scutellum a little more convex and polished than in *cunealis*, rufous with a pale tip. Elytra as in *infuscata*, obscure rufous with the base and a transverse vitta pale, the latter but very little oblique and indefinite posteriorly, the suture of the cuneus also pale. the