of Philadelphia, and kindly loaned me for study by Dr. Skinner. The males have the pronotum more narrowed anteriorly, the eyes more prominent, the vertex narrower and more depressed and the rostrum shorter, not surpassing the hind coxæ. Of perhaps 150 specimens sent most were of some shade of yellowish-green, but a few were of a clear green with the sanguineous color confined to the margin of the cuneus and veins of the membrane. This species differs from *Dichroscytus* by the narrower head, almost immarginate vertex, and longer basal joint of the antennæ. It has, however, the impunctate pronotum and general facies of this genus, and I believe it should stand here and not in *Lygus*. The irrorate membrane is conspicuous and distinctive.

Lopidea cuneata n. sp.

Oblong-ovate, broader than *media* and its allies; fuscous-brown with the narrow costa and the cuneus pale. Length 6 mm.

Head fuller and proportionately broader than in media, the vertex not so sunken; face broader below, the margins distinctly rounded beyond the insertion of the antennæ; color pale flavo-testaceous, base of the vertex black, large disk of the front fuscous with a broad pale longitudinal vitta; clypeus black, polished. Antennæ black; first joint as long as the width between the eyes; second as long as the head and pronotum together; third two-thirds the length of the second; fourth hardly so long as the first. Rostrum attaining the posterior coxæ or nearly so; piceous, with the sides of the first joint paler. Pronotum fuscous, with the anterior margin and the sides narrowly pale; broader and shorter than in media; the callousities very strongly elevated, almost tubercular, separated by a deep impression; anterior margin feebly concave, broadly depressed; sides broadly reflexed, a little sinuated; hind margin slightly concavely arcuated; posterior lobe dull, transversely rugose with a feeble depression. Scutellum fuscous, moderately convex. Elytra a little shorter and broader than in media, fuscous-brown; base, costa, and a short streak on the base of the cubital vein slenderly pale, the commissural nervure very narrowly so; cuneus pale, tinged with rufous within and tipped with black; membrane dark fuliginous. Beneath brown, more or less tinged with rufous along the sides. Legs brown; coxæ, trochanters, and sometimes the base of the femora whitish; propleura pale or suffused with rufous.

Described from one male and four female examples which were beaten from a large balsam poplar tree at Lancaster,