pale dusky, usually white in the arcole and next the tip of the cuneus, also a little whitish next the posterior border. Posterior part of propleura, and upper part of mesopleura whitish. Abdomen fulvo-piceous, testaceous at tip.

Length to end of abomen 3-3.25 mm. To tip of membrane 3.75-4 mm. Width of base of pronotum .75-1 mm. Described from two speciemens, including both sexes, sent to me from Colorado. Mr. Coquillet also sent specimens from Los Angeles, and I have examined other specimens from Dakota and northern New York. It is variable as to the amount of yellow on the antennae, head and pronotum, and as to the brown clouding of the hemelytra."

Fort Collins, May 20th to June 4th (Baker and Gillette). Montrose, June 24th (Gillette).

Orectoderus amoenus Uhl.

Near Denver (B. H. Smith- see Uhler, 5). Colo. (Gillette-see Osborn, 1).

Orectoderus longicollis Uhler n. sp.

"Piceous, opaque, elongate subfusiform, with the head broad subconical, as seen from above, the base abruptly contracted into a short neck, the prothorax campanulate, and the wing-covers widening behind the middle. Head very moderately convex above, much longer than wide, polished, piceous, rather minutely scabrous than punctate, the vertex moderately arched and obsoletely carinate in front, the neck shorter than the corresponding contraction of the pronotum, front broadly depressed each side near the middle of the eyes, upper cheeks placed superiorly; tylus narrow, moderately short, not separated above by a distinct suture, tip tapering; rostrum set much below the depressed gula, blackish-piceous, thick at the very base, slender from thence to tip, reaching behind the anterior coxae; eyes low, close-set against the side of the head; antennae of medium length, the basal joint rufo-piceous, shorter than the head, the second rufopiceous, with the apical third moderately clavate, and dull blackish, as long as the middle line of the corium, third abruptly more slender, almost setaceous, testaceous, scarcely more than one-half the length of the second, the fourth much shorter, dusky, equally slender. Pronotum dull black, minutely granulated and wrinkled, the two lobes of nearly equal length, the caliosities large, tumid, separated by a very shallow line, but connected with the swelling of the sides, the line separating the lobes is placed behind this swelling; posterior lobe wide at base, having sinuated sides, and with prominently tubercular humeri; side flaps steep, rounded, coarsely wrinkled. Legs dull fulvo-piceous, with the spines, tip of tibiae and apical portion of tarsi black. Scutellum smooth, dull black, with sinuated sides, and a little tumid at apex. Clavus ivory white, coarsely scabrous, with a piccous band at base which also runs diagonally upon the base of corium; corium also ivory white, less coarsely scabrous, crossed behind the middle with an obliquely bounded piceous spot which covers the entire end; cuneus piceous, with an ivory yellow acute diagonal spot on the basal portion; membrane dark brown at base, gradually paler to almost white posteriorly. Abdomen black, highly polished.

Length to end of abdomen 5 mm. Width of base of pronotum 1.5 mm. Only a single specimen, a male, has thus far been brought to my notice. The remale is a desideratum requiring the attention of collectors."

Steamboat Springs, July 14th (Baker).

Orectoderus obliquus Uhl.

Hills, June to september (Carpenter—see Uhler, 6). Estes Park (Snow—see VanDuzee, 5).

North Park, July 20th; Steamboat Springs, July 26th; Montrose, June 24th (Gillette). In mountains south-west of North Park, July 10th, on Artemisia tridentata (Baker).