

L. media Say, but at present we have no evidence upon which to establish this possibility.

LOMATOPLEURA CÆSAR Reut. Specimens of this insect have been secured in many parts of California, as well as in the eastern United States. A damaged specimen was in the collection made at Cape St. Lucas by Mr. John Xanthus. The fusiform second joint of the antennæ will distinguish this from the similar species in the genus *Lopidea*.

HADRONEMA ROBUSTA n. sp.

Shorter and more convex anteriorly than *H. militaris* Uhler. Black, tinged with gray by the sericeous minute pubescence; the pronotum, scutellum and breast bright red. Head dull black, nearly vertical, strongly convex above; rostrum black, reaching between the posterior coxæ; antennæ short and stout, black, the second joint very long, the third about two-thirds as long, while the fourth joint is very short, acute at tip. Pronotum wider than long, a little sinuated on the sides, minutely scabrous, transversely and finely wrinkled, with the anterior margin distinctly reflexed between the oval callosities; the callosities sometimes black; the posterior margin broadly curved, slenderly reflexed, and the humeral angles rounded but not raised. Scutellum short, subequilateral. Hemielytra opaque, closely and minutely pubescent, obsoletly scabrous, with the clavus shallowly punctate. Legs blackish or smoke-brown. Venter dull black, the segments fringed with sericeous prostrate pubescence. Membrane long, smoke blackish.

Length to tip of venter δ , $3\frac{1}{2}$ - $3\frac{3}{4}$; ♀ , $4\frac{1}{2}$ -5 mm. Width of pronotum, $1\frac{1}{4}$ - $1\frac{3}{4}$ mm.

Specimens were collected at San José del Cabo by Dr. Gustav Eisen. A specimen from Crystal Springs, Cal.,