

thorax widest at that point; strongly and evenly convex, but more cylindrical than globose.

Coloration dark brownish black, having a dull waxen sheen, the short hemelytra with pruinose areas evident; front and hind coxae except base, pale, venter white beneath except first two segments and lateral margins.

♂. Length 2.6 mm., width at base of hemelytra .68 mm. Head: width .50 mm., vertex .28 mm. Rostrum, length .92 mm., reaching to middle of hind coxae. Antennae: segment I, length .17 mm.; II, .77 mm.; III, .56 mm.; IV, .44 mm. Pronotum, length .50 mm., width at base .71 mm.

Form and coloration very similar to *heidemanni* but distinguished by the small size, the female giving the best characters for separating the species.

Holotype: ♀ April 9, 1926, Sanford, Florida (E. D. Ball); author's collection. *Allotype*: ♂ Aug. 25-30, 1925, Sanford, Florida (E. D. Ball); author's collection. The writer is indebted to Dr. E. D. Ball for the collecting and presentation of this diminutive ant mimic.

RENODAELLA, New Genus.

Allied to *Renodaesus* Dist., tribe Renodaeini; arolia converging at apices as in *Ceratocapsus* and *Pilophorus*; genitalia of the complicated type as in *Ceratocapsus*. Head much like *Pilophorus*, but all the antennal segments thickened as in *Ceratocapsus*, segment II gradually thickened from base to apex, not suddenly enlarged at apex as in *Renodaesus*. Rostrum reaching between middle coxae. Pronotum much as in *Pilophorus*, shining, the base not covering mesoscutum as in *Renodaesus*. Scutellum moderately convex, mesoscutum strongly elevated, capped by the moderately down-curved basal margin of pronotum. Hemelytra set with heavy, black, bristle-like hairs, much as in *Renodaesus*; also set with patches of silvery, scale-like pubescence; dull, opaque, embolium and cuneus shining; clavus and corium distinctly elevated or convex, embolar margins only moderately sinuate. Membrane fully developed (♂). Genitalia complicated in structure much in the form of *Ceratocapsus*.

Genotype: *Renodaella nicholi*, new species.