Teleorhinus floridanus n. sp.

Allied to *tephrosicola* Kngt., but differs in structure of antennal segment II which has more than half its length strongly clavate; the combined length of segments III and IV not equal to length of segment II; coloration and pubescence very similar but pronotum of slightly different form; calli and anterior half of pronotal disk smooth and more distinctly depressed.

8. Length 6.5 mm., width 2.4 mm. Head: width across eyes 1.08 mm., vertex .53 mm.; greatest length 1.43 mm. Rostrum, length 2.7 mm., reaching upon hind coxae, yellowish brown, basal segment reddish, apical segment blackish. Antennae: segment I, length .37 mm., thickness .114 mm.; II, length 2.1 mm., slender at base, becoming abruptly clavate just before middle, thickness of clavate portion .18 mm., black, slender base yellowish; III, 1.2 mm., yellowish to dusky; IV, .77 mm., fuscous. Pronotum: length 1.26 mm., width 1.76 mm., anterior angles .91 mm.

Holotype: & April 24, 1920, Dunedin, Florida (W. S. Blatchley); author's collection.

Strongylocoris pallipes n. sp.

Differs from *stygicus* Say in the pale legs and the long finger-like spines at apex of the male right genital clasper.

8. Length 4.5 mm., width 2 mm. Head: width 1.16 mm., vertex .60 mm. Rostrum, length 1.12 mm., reaching base of intermediate coxae. Antennae: segment I, length .37 mm.; II, 1.28 mm.; III, .98 mm.; IV, .47 mm. Pronotum: length .03 mm., width at base 1.57 mm.

Black, shining, with punctation and pubescence very similar to *stygicus*, but legs entirely pale yellowish in color. Rostrum yellowish, apex black. Antennae fuscous to black, basal half of segment II yellowish brown. Distinguished by the form of the genital claspers; apex of right clasper with four fingerlike spines, the two dorsal spines somewhat curved and nearly twice the length of the ventral pair.

Q. Length 5 mm., width 2.5 mm. Head: width 1.27 mm., vertex .73 mm. Antennae: segment I, length .38 mm.; II, 1.36 mm.; III, 1.04 mm.; IV, .50 mm. Pronotum: length 1.07 mm., width at base 1.81 mm. More robust than the male but very similar in coloration, punctation, and pubescence.

Holotype: & June 22, 1918, Battle Point, Virginia (J. G. Sanders); author's collection.

Allotype: same data as the type.

Paratypes: 28 29, taken with the types. 89 June 9, 1903, Beauforth, North Carolina (F. Sherman) numerous specimens of both sexes taken June 27, 1926, North Beach, Maryland (H. H. Knight and H. E. Ewing), found breeding on *Baccharis halminifolia* L. Many leaves of the plant, especially terminal growth, exhibited characteristic Mirid injury in the spotted and malformed leaves, where the nymphs had fed.

Platytylellus zonatus n. sp.

This species runs to *rubrovittatus* Stal in my key (Hem. Conn., 1923, p. 551), but is distinguished at once by the orange colored lateral margins of the hemelytra and the larger size.