embolium pale or yellowish; scutellum pale but with median line blackish (a) Antennal segment ii and femora uniformly pale variety maculipennis typical (b) Antennal segment ii blackish, femora dotted with fuscous ... variety fuscicornis n. var. 2. Antennal segment ii pale, or fuscous only at base Antennal segment ii black, segment i pale on apical half nigricornis n. sp. 3. Antennal segment ii in length not equal to width of pronotum at base Antennal segment ii in length equal to or exceeding width of proб notum at base 4. Antennal segment i black, or chiefly black 5 Antennal segment i yellowish, fuscous only at base; femora usually with fuscous dots on anterior face although at times obsolete; length 3.3 mm.modestus
5. Smaller, length 2.6-2.8 mm.; rostrum not extending beyond hind margins of middle coxae; femora uniformly yellowish, never with fuscous spotstsugae n. sp. Larger, length 3.3 mm.; rostrum nearly attaining hind margins of posterior coxae; femora with fuscous spots tumidifrons n. sp. 6. Rostrum long, extending beyond hind coxae, reaching to near middle of venter; hind femora uniformly pale yellowish .. longirostris n. sp. Rostrum shorter, reaching only to middle of hind coxae; hind femora with fuscous spots on anterior faceelongatus n. sp.

M. modestus Reuter.

Ofv. Finska Vet.-Soc. Forh., liv, Afd. A. No. 7, 62, 1912.

Length 3.3-3.5 mm., width 1.3 mm.; ligneous black, antennae and legs yellowish; antennal segment i fuscous at base, sometimes more broadly dark; hind femora usually with three or four fuscous dots on anterior face near dorsal margin although frequently obsolete; hemelytra uniformly blackish, membrane fuscous, scarcely paler bordering apex of cuneus, veins pale fuscous.

Occurs on elm (Ulmus) and white oak ($Quercus \ alba$). On elm the bugs are found most frequently among aphid curled leaves, feeding to some extent on honey dew. The writer has also observed this species to feed on eggs of the elm leaf beetle (*Galerucella luteola*).

Hamden, 20 June, 1920 (B. H. W.); New Haven, 27 June, 1913 (L. B. R.).

M. tumidifrons Knight, new species.

Distinguished from *modestus* by the more tumid front, and by the deep black color of antennal segment i.

Female: Length 3.2 mm., width 1.26 mm. Head: Width .68 mm., vertex .38 mm.; front distinctly tumid; black, pale pubescent, moderately shining. Rostrum, length 1.2 mm., nearly attaining hind margins of posterior coxae.

Antennae: Segment i, length .20 mm., black, scarcely paler at extreme tip; ii, .81 mm., yellow, dusky pubescent, slightly more slender toward base; iii, .54 mm., yellow; iv, .39 mm., yellowish to dusky.