

Hadronema militaris Uhl.

Hadronema militaris Uhler, Rept. U. S. Geol. Surv., p. 412
1872.

The largest member of the genus. Elytra black with wide, light coloured costal borders.

Distributed over the entire United States and Southern Canada.

Hadronema robusta Uhl.

Hadronema robusta Uhler, Proc. Cal. Acad. Sci., ser. 2, vol. IV, p. 250, 1894.

Distinguished by the bright red pronotum and scutellum and lack of colour marking on cuneus. Occurs from Kansas to Texas and west to the Pacific Coast.

Hadronema confraterna, n. sp.

General form of *robusta* Uhl., slightly shorter and more narrow. Head nearly vertical, strongly convex. First joint of antennæ comparatively short and stout, third joint distinctly shorter than the second. Antennæ black, head black except for border next to and under the eyes red, cheeks red, bucculæ whitish, rostrum dark red. Pronotum red with large black callosities, deeply depressed anteriorly at the middle, anterior border of pronotum convex, posterior border sinuate at the middle. Pronotum much broader than long, and much wider posteriorly. Scutellum very dark wider than long. Elytra red becoming dark towards inner margins, no markings on cuneus. Membrane smoky. Legs dark red to black. Abdomen red along borders, whitish below. Plate dark red or black. Size 4.2 mm. long, 1.2 mm. wide.

Distinguished from *robusta* by the shape of the anterior margin of pronotum, the larger callosities, and colouring, especially of the elytra and scutellum.

Described from a single male specimen from Las Cruces, N.M. Taken on *Bigelovia*. Type in the U. S. National Museum.

Describing a species from a single specimen is here warranted, although it is diverging from good practice.