

Neotropical Miridae, LXXIV: Two New Genera of Cylapinae from Brazil (Hemiptera)

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Two new genera and three new species of Cylapinae from Brazil are described in this paper. The two Amazonian species were collected during an Expedition undertaken by the author on the headwaters of the Rio Negro. Both these species were found in association with *Fulvius quadristillatus* (Stäl, 1860), also a Cylapinae, and were feeding on fungi (*Auricularia*) growing on rotten trees in the forest. Since nymphs were taken it is probable that the species feed and complete their life cycle on this fungus. Once proper collection is made in the tropics the number of species and genera of this primitive subfamily will certainly be greatly increased.

The new genera and species herewith described are as follows:

PARAFULVIUS n.gen.

Cylapinae, Fulviini. General aspect of an *Amblytylus* Fieber, with body elongate and slender, short and semiappressed pubescent, very long antennae and legs.

Head as wide as long, noticeably produced in front, subhorizontal; as seen from above, convex, vertex smooth, clypeus and jugum visible; eyes rounded, contiguous with pronotum; as seen from side, almost reaching the gula below; antennal peduncle large, placed in front of eye, its anterior margin level with base of clypeus, the latter very long, protruding, forming an acute angle with lower margin of buccula; jugum and lorum occupying almost all the space between the clypeus and antennal bases; gena and buccula; elongate, the gena thinly protruding between lorum and buccula; gula channeled below; rostrum very long, reaching genital segment (male), first segment stouter than the remaining reaching middle of xyphus of prosternum.

Antenna long; segment I short, incrassate towards apex, reaching slightly beyond apex of clypeus; remaining segments cylindrical, the second longer than others, at least four times longer than the first, all segments with a short and dense pubescence.

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