

NEOTROPICAL MIRIDAE. LVI. DESCRIPTION OF THREE
NEW GENERA AND FIVE NEW SPECIES FROM BRAZIL
AND BRITISH HONDURAS (Hemiptera)¹

JOSÉ C. M. CARVALHO

Museu Nacional, Rio de Janeiro, D.F.

(With 10 text-figures)

This paper contains the description of new genera and species of Neotropical *Miridae* found in the Collection of the British Museum (Natural History) and collected by the author at Oiapoque, Amapá and at the Xingu-Koluene confluence, Mato Grosso, Brazil.

The new genus *Kamaiurana* shows a certain ant mimicry and was collected in a place where a large number of ants could be found. This genus is being placed amongst the *Resthenini* due to its ostiolar peritreme, collar and general aspect.

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Kamaiurana n. g.

Characterized by its pronotum narrowed at middle and almost as long as wide, long legs and antennae, coxal cleft of anterior pair visible from above and the very short and scanty pubescence.

Body elongate, opaque, with very short and scanty pubescence, almost glabrous. Head wider than long, vertex smooth, eyes prominent and small, in contact with the collar, frons inclined with a few erect and short hairs; head seen from the side much higher than long, clypeus vertical, upper lip fairly large, antennae inserted level with inferior third of eye a little above base of clypeus. Rostrum reaching the middle coxae, segment I reaching base of head.

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