

darker toward apex, gradually thickened from the base, four times as long as 1; 3 dull yellow, minutely pubescent, two-fifths as long as 2; 4 missing. Pronotum campanulate, basal portion strongly and evenly convex, little longer, but much wider and higher than front one, minutely granulate or subalutaceous. Scutellum small, moderately convex. Elytra strongly constricted, the basal half of corium less than half the width of apical third. Hind tibiae, male, almost twice as long as femora, very slender, slightly flattened, feebly curved. Length 6 mm.

*Type*, a male in the collection of the Division of Entomology, State Department of Agriculture, Raleigh, North Carolina. Taken at Windsor, North Carolina, July 7, 1925. Named in honor of C. S. Brimley, of Raleigh, who has done much to increase our knowledge of the insects of his State, and who has furnished many specimens to aid my work on Heteroptera. It differs from all described forms of the genus in having but one whitish cross-bar on corium, in the form of the bluish bloom-covered spot on clavus, in the distinctly bell-shaped pronotum and very narrow basal half of corium.

Subfamily BRYOCORINAE.

*Pycnoderes convexicollis* sp. nov.

♂—Elongate-oval. Head in great part fuscous, the cheeks and a stripe each side of vertex dull yellow; pronotum and scutellum shining black with a faint brassy tinge, very sparsely pubescent with fine prostrate hairs; elytra opaque with a bluish bloom covering most of the surface, cuneus, a large oblong spot near base of embolium and a smaller oval one near its apex pale yellow; apical half of membrane dusky yellow, its veins and a spot at base dark brown; femora dark brown to blackish, paler at base, tibiae pale brown, yellowish toward tips, coxae and tarsi pale yellow, claws fuscous; under surface black, sterna coarsely punctate, ventrals shining, almost smooth, minutely pubescent.

Joints 1 and 2 of antennae pale yellow, 1 three-fourths as long as width of vertex, 2 nearly three times as long as 1, 3 and 4 dusky, subequal in length, each about as long as 2. Pronotum with sides and base subequal in length; calli larger and much more prominent with median groove of basal half deeper and lateral impressions better defined than in either of our other eastern species; hind margin almost straight,