

Subfam. *Heterotominae*.

*Cyrtotylus* n. gen. — Body oblong-ovate, impunctate, depressed above. Head a little sloping, seen from above a little broader than long, acutely produced in front of antennae, seen from before almost as high as broad, from the side somewhat longer than high at base, vertex narrowly margined behind, clypeus separated from frons, compressed, semi-circularly prominent, its base lying in the middle of the head's height below the antennal line, lora narrow, separated from the moderately high genae, gula a little oblique, as long as peristomium, eyes moderately large, almost touching pronotal apical margin, seen from above suboval, from the side obliquely reniform, antennae inserted at middle of anterior ocular orbita, slender, first joint sublinear but a little thicker near base than at apex, passing apex of clypeus by more than half its length, second joint much the longest, last two joints combined not quite so long as second and still more slender, fourth slightly shorter than third, rostrum reaching hind coxae, very slender, the somewhat thickened but linear first joint a little passing anterior margin of prosternum, second joint a little longer than first but distinctly shorter than third, fourth as long as first. Pronotum slightly declivous, transversally a little convex, laterally broadly and slightly sinuate and very narrowly margined, twice broader than long and twice broader basally than apically, calli placed very near anterior margin, confluent, laterally reaching the margins, posteriorly not quite reaching middle of disc, which has a low and narrow median keel running from posterior margin of calli to near the base, basal margin in front of the exposed mesoscutum very slightly sinuate. Scutellum almost equilateral. Prosternal xyphus margined except at base where it is convex. Orificia distinct. Elytra passing apex of abdomen by the whole cuneus and by the greatest part of the membrane, much broader than abdomen, laterally evenly and moderately rounded, the veins distinct, the somewhat reflexed, basally narrow embolium slightly and gradually dilated to near apex where it is roundedly much more dilated inwards, claval commis-