

*O. viridis* collected in 1893, after publication of the Heidemann paper, bears the label "MS Uhl./*O. alternatus*." It seems likely that either or both species could have been represented in Heidemann's series of *O. alternatus*.

12. ***Pilophorus brunneus*** Poppius 1914:244  
(*Pilophorus confusus* Kirschb.)

Heidemann's species from willow was not *P. confusus*, a Palearctic species (Carvalho 1958), but a species later described by Poppius as *P. brunneus*, using a Heidemann specimen from Washington, D.C.

13. ***Ceratocapsus pumilus*** (Uhler) 1887b:69  
(*Melinna pumila* Uhl.)

We have seen several Heidemann specimens of *pumilus* (without host labels) that were collected in Washington during 1890. There are, however, several other species of *Ceratocapsus* associated with *Salix nigra*, some undescribed at the time, that could have been represented in Heidemann's series of specimens.

SPECIES LISTED FROM LINDEN, *TILIA* SPP.

14. ***Plesiodema sericea*** (Heidemann) 1892:226  
(*Psallus sericeus* Uhl. MS)

Heidemann described this species when he stated: "it is easily overlooked, as its straw-yellow color does not offer the slightest contrast with the faded blossoms." Knight (1941) recognized the validity of this description because he synonymized his own *Plagiognathus tiliae* (Knight 1926b) under *Plagiognathus sericeus* (Heidemann). Carvalho (1955) followed Knight's synonymy, and transferred *sericeus* to the genus *Plesiodema*.

*Type*. — Lectotype, female, here designated, with labels: "Washington, DC"; "PR Uhler Collection"; "*Psallus sericeus*, Uhler, Md."; "*Psallus sericeus* Uhler, Md., Det. Uhler"; "Lectotype *Psallus sericeus* Heidemann" (red label); "Lectotype 62624" (red label) (number assigned by R. I. Sailer).