are conifer inhabitants that have been mentioned infrequently in the literature. Of the other species described by Heidemann, sericeus (described in the genus *Psallus*) has been accepted since 1941 when Knight synonymized his *Plagiognathus tiliae* under sericeus Heidemann; *Pilophorus laetus* generally has been credited to Van Duzee 1918 rather than Heidemann 1892; *Parthenicus* juniperi (described in the genus *Psallus*) generally has been credited to Heidemann 1905 rather than 1892; and Orthotylus delicatus is a primary homonym.

In the following section the 20 species listed from coniferous and deciduous trees by Heidemann (1892) and identified by Uhler will be discussed in the order presented by Heidemann. First we will list the name we consider valid, and then in parentheses beneath, we will give the name as cited in the 1892 paper. We will list new synonymy, correct Uhler's misidentifications, establish the validity of 6 Uhler manuscript names used by Heidemann (a seventh name validated is a primary homonym), and designate lectotypes for these species. We will provide a new name as a replacement name for *Dichrooscytus elegans* Uhler 1904 and elevate the name *Pilophorus americanus* Poppius 1914 for *P. crassipes* Poppius 1914.

SPECIES LISTED FROM SCRUB PINE, PINUS VIRGINIANA

1. Phytocoris conspersipes Reuter 1909:22

(Phytocoris eximus [sic] Reut.)

We have examined Heidemann's specimens from the Washington area and have found that the species he listed from scrub pine was not Reuter's *eximius*, but an undescribed species, later described as *P. conspersipes*.

2. Phytocoris mundus Reuter 1909:18 (Phytocoris mundus Uhl. MS)

Uhler recognized this species as new and assigned to it but never validated the name *mundus*. Heidemann's notes on *mundus* were not sufficient to validate the name. Reuter later described this species.

TRANS. AMER. ENT. SOC., VOL. 101