

Genera incertae sedis¹*Amazonocoris* Carvalho, 1952c.

Amazonocoris longipilosus Carvalho was placed in the Hallopini by Carvalho (1952a). On the basis of the male genitalia as illustrated by Carvalho (1952c), this Brazilian genus appears to be much more closely related to the Dicyphinae than to the Phylinae. Carvalho does not mention the structure of the parempodia in the original description, but says only that the pulvilli are minute, which would suggest that *Amazonocoris* does not belong to the Dicyphinae. I have not been able to find the holotype of *A. longipilosus* in the British Museum (Natural History) and therefore cannot determine the correct subfamilial placement.

Anthropophagiotes Kirkaldy, 1908.

The whereabouts of the holotype of the only species included in this Fijian genus is unknown, and the original description is inadequate for placing the genus in the correct subfamily. Carvalho (1952a) placed *Anthropophagiotes* in the Pilophorini.

Dolichostenia Poppius, 1921.

I have not seen specimens of this genus erected by Poppius (1921) for a species from Chile, and therefore its subfamily placement must remain uncertain. Carvalho (1952a) placed *Dolichostenia* in the Pilophorini. This is almost certainly incorrect, and it will probably prove to be a member of the Orthotylini.

Idiomiris China, 1963, pp. 709-711.

China described this peculiar genus from Chile, and on the basis of the pretarsal structures and male genitalia placed it in the Orthotylini. This is certainly incorrect. *Idiomiris* is much more closely related to either the Mirinae or the Deraeocorinae than to the Orthotylinae. I was not able to find the male genitalia in the British Museum (Natural History). All of the characters enumerated by China, however, indicate the closest relationship with the Deraeocorinae, as does the basic facies, even though the claws are not toothed basally, as is usually the case in that subfamily.

Lasiomimus Poppius, 1914a.

I have not examined specimens of this African genus, although they are probably present in the Leningrad Museum. Carvalho (1952a) placed *Lasiomimus* in the Pilophorini.

¹The genera listed were placed in the Orthotylinae and Phylinae by Carvalho (1952a; 1958a,b) or by subsequent authors, but are unknown to me or are otherwise of uncertain systematic position.