

curved; parempodia fleshy, convergent apically, recurved; pulvilli minute.

MALE GENITALIA: Figures 329–331. Very similar in structure to *Aloea*.

MACROPTEROUS FEMALE: Very similar to male.

FEMALE GENITALIA: Posterior wall a simple sclerotized plate with posterior margin strongly evaginated.

TYPE SPECIES: *Neoambonea cynanchi*, new species.

This genus is named for its similarity to *Ambonea*.

Neoambonea can be recognized by the fleshy, apically convergent, recurved parempodia, black coloration with light antennae and tibiae, broad vertical head, and distinctly punctured dorsum with reclining setiform hairs in addition to decumbent, wooly, sericeous hairs. *Parambonea*, the most closely related genus, has the dorsum with only transverse rugosities and reclining setiform hairs and has black antennae and tibiae.

Neoambonea cynanchi, new species

Figures 88, 329–331

MACROPTEROUS MALE: General coloration black or brownish black; antennae (segment 2 darkening distally, segments 3 and 4 light brown), all femora distally, all tibiae and tarsi, and labial segments 1, 2, and 3 yellowish; ring on proximal third of antennal segment 1 red; vertex with two rounded reddish markings contiguous with mesial margins of eyes.

Frons weakly convex; labium slightly surpassing procoxae at trochanteral joint; calli indistinct, widely separated medially; pronotum with anterior margin evenly convexly rounded, lateral margins very weakly convex, posterior margin sinuate, forming a shallow inverted "V"; cuneal fracture perpendicular to longitudinal axis of body; lateral margin of cuneus convex; abdomen reaching to about middle of cuneus; metatarsal segments all subequal in length.

MEASUREMENTS: Total length 3.28, maximum width 1.80, length head .12, width head .84, interocular space .44, length pronotum .44, width pronotum 1.20, length scutellum .64, width scutellum .64, length corium 1.52, length clavus 1.32, length cuneus .60, width cuneus .56, length claval commissure .68, distance apex commissure-apex membrane 1.36, length metatibia 1.40; length antennal segments 1—.30, 2—.90, 3—.50, 4—approximately .70; length labial segments 1—.22, 2—.24, 3—.14, 4—.06.

MALE GENITALIA: Figures 329–331.

MACROPTEROUS FEMALE: Very similar to male.