

specimens are from the highveld of the Transvaal and were taken at lights.

***Halodapus quadrimaculatus*, new species**

Figures 29, 169–171

MACROPTEROUS MALE: Elongate, parallel sided; basic coloration black or brownish black; antennal segment 1 proximally, labial segments 1 and 2, prothoracic and mesothoracic pleura, procoxae and mesocoxae, all femora, and all of tarsal segment 3 castaneous; quadrate maculae on anterior half of corium and at apex of corium, white; distal two-thirds of antennal segment 1, antennal segments 2, 3, and 4, metacoxae, all tibiae, and all tarsal segments 1 and 2 yellowish or light brown; labial segments 3 and 4 brown; membrane generally smoky brown; cells of membrane somewhat darker than surrounding membrane.

Abdominal venter polished, shining, remainder of body finely granulose, dull; dorsum with short decumbent light hairs; antennal segment 1 with light, very fine, erect spine on interior surface, segments 2, 3, and 4 with very short, fine, decumbent pubescence; abdominal venter with short, reclining, shining hairs; femora with very fine, short, appressed hairs and some long erect hairs on ventral surface; tibiae with very fine decumbent pubescence, a few short semierect spines no longer than tibial diameter, and longitudinal rows of tiny, closely spaced spines.

Head declivent; eyes moderately large, protuberant, leaving genae exposed ventrally; vertex flattened, not sulcate, posterior margin with fine raised carina; antennal segment 1 moderately enlarged, segment 2 about two-thirds diameter of segment 1, segments 3 and 4 subequal in diameter, of slightly smaller diameter than segment 2; bucculae weakly developed; gula short; labial segment 1 reaching onto prosternum, labium reaching apex of metacoxae; pronotal collar almost as wide as diameter of antennal segment 1; calli obsolete; pronotum with lateral margins shallowly concave, posterior margin sinuate, shallowly concave across mesoscutum; mesoscutum exposed, raised, inclined anteriorly, separated from scutellum by distinct transverse impression; scutellum convex; cuneal incisure obsolete, cuneal fracture angled slightly anteromedially; membrane with 2 cells, vein demarcating smaller cell obscure; abdomen reaching middle of cuneus; metatarsal segment 1 half length of segment 2, segment 2, subequal in length to segment 3.