closely with the characters outlined above for G. lunigera, but not with those of G. unifasciatus.

Linnavuori (1965) synonymized Trachaelonotus, in the sense of T. unifasciatus Reuter, the type species of the genus, with Glaphyrocoris, in the sense of lunigera Horvath. This action created a secondary homonym because Glaphyrocoris and Trachaelonotus both contained a species named unifasciatus. Linnavuori therefore proposed the new name iranicus for Trachaelonotus unifasciatus Reuter. The above discussion would seem to indicate, however, that Linoceraea is not synonymous with Glaphyrocoris, but instead possibly a synonym of Trachaelonotus. This situation would make the new name iranicus a junior objective synonym and the name unifasciatus would have to be applied under Article 59c of the International Code of Zoological Nomenclature.

The relationships of the above-mentioned genera are additionally complicated when the genus *Hypomimus* Lindberg is considered. Examination of the holotype of *Hypomimus albosellatus* Lindberg indicates that it is very closely related to *Glaphyrocoris unifasciatus*. Linnavuori (1961; 1964; 1965) and Odhiambo (1959c) have described additional species of *Hypomimus*, and these species must be carefully studied to confirm whether they form a distinct genus or are actually members of *Glaphyrocoris*.

KEY TO SPECIES OF Carinogulus

- Head concave behind; dorsum with only decumbent hairs; hemelytral fascia nearly straight and parallel sided ______ 2
 Head convex behind, forming very short neck; dorsum with decumbent hairs and some erect long hairs on scutellum and hemelytra; hemelytral fascia more or less irregular, not parallel
 sided ______ 3
 Hemelytral maculae uninterrupted, forming continuously parallel
- 2. Hemelytral maculae uninterrupted, forming continuously parallel sided fascia across corium and clavus transvaalensis Hemelytral macula on corium placed anterior to that on clavus by distance equal to about width of macula hobohmi (Fig. 25)
- Vertex slightly depressed, with distinct sulcus anteriorly; general coloration castaneous varii
 Vertex weakly convex, without sulcus; general coloration bright orange brown kochi (Fig. 26)

Carinogulus hobohmi, new species Figures 25, 151–153

MACROPTEROUS MALE: Basic coloration dark brown to mahogany, head and anterior third of pronotum somewhat lighter