equal to about one-third diameter of eye; spine-like projection of frons very short; antennal segment 1 only very slightly enlarged, segment 2 increasing in diameter distally to same diameter as segment 1, segments 3 and 4 about same diameter as segment 2 proximally, about two-thirds diameter of segment 1; labium attaining distal end of metacoxae; pronotal collar about equal in width to diameter of antennal segment 3; posterior margin of pronotum shallowly concave; femora with a few, very fine, erect spines; tibiae with scattered dark spines about equal in length to tibial diameter; metatarsal segments subequal in length.

MEASUREMENTS: Total length 7.52, maximum width 2.24, length head .90, width head .90, interocular space .40, length pronotum .80, width pronotum 1.60, length scutellum 1.10, width scutellum 1.30, length corium 3.60, length clavus 2.68, length cuneus 1.24, width cuneus .56, length claval commissure 1.60, distance apex commissure-apex membrane 3.40, length metatibia 4.32; length antennal segments 1—1.02, 2—2.72, 3—1.96, 4—1.02; length labial segments 1—.78, 2—.84, 3—.64, 4—.74.

MALE GENITALIA: Figures 119, 138-140.

Female unknown.

HOLOTYPE: Macropterous &, SOUTH AFRICA: Cape Province, Grootfontein, Middelburg, 4.XI.65, E. Schoombee (SANC).

PARATYPES: 1 macropterous δ , same data as holotype, except 3.XII.1965. *Transvaal*—1 macropterous δ , Zomerkomst, Politzi, 23.X.64 (Johannsmeier) (SANC, RTS).

This species is named for the incrassate second antennal segment. See discussion under A. muntingi for distinguishing characteristics.

Acrorrhinium monticola, new species

Figures 117, 134-137

MACROPTEROUS MALE: General coloration dull gray-brown; anterior lobe of pronotum, scutellum (except as noted below), cuneus, thoracic pleura and venter, abdominal venter, and labial segments 2, 3, and 4 dark brown; medium brown as follows: dorsal surface of frons, much of vertex between eyes posteriorly, posterior lobe of pronotum (except as below), diffuse area medially on corium, antennal segment 1, and all femora; white as follows: clypeus, lora, metathoracic scent gland opening, longitudinal stripe on extreme posterior pronotal lobe medially and midlaterally (midlateral stripes not present in paratype), longitudinal stripe on posterior lobe of scutellum, ovoid spot just anterior to brown area medially on corium, and apex of corium at cuneus; antennal segments 2 and