

Male genitalia in fig. 1 a-g.

Range: East-African.

Material studied: Eritrea: Massawa, 1 ♂, type and 1 ♂ paratype, Levander, in Mus. Helsinki. Sudan: Equatoria, Kapoeta- Boma, 1 ex, 26-27.III.1963, Linnavuori. Somalia: Afgoi, 2 exx, 16-30.IV.1974, Masutti. Kenya: Otonglo, 1 ex, 8.III.1972, W. Bakker.

The male from the Sudan was incorrectly recorded as *P. xerophilus* by me (LINNAVUORI 1975: 47). The genuine *P. xerophilus* Lv. (Hargeisa, Somalia), known in the female sex only, is darker (cuneus brown, under surface and legs without red pigment, hind femora with abundant fuscous mottling), has much smaller eyes (ocular index 2.0-2.17) and only faintly marginate vertex, the body is shorter and broader and the legs are shorter and thicker (hind tibia only 1.4 x as long as basal width of pronotum).

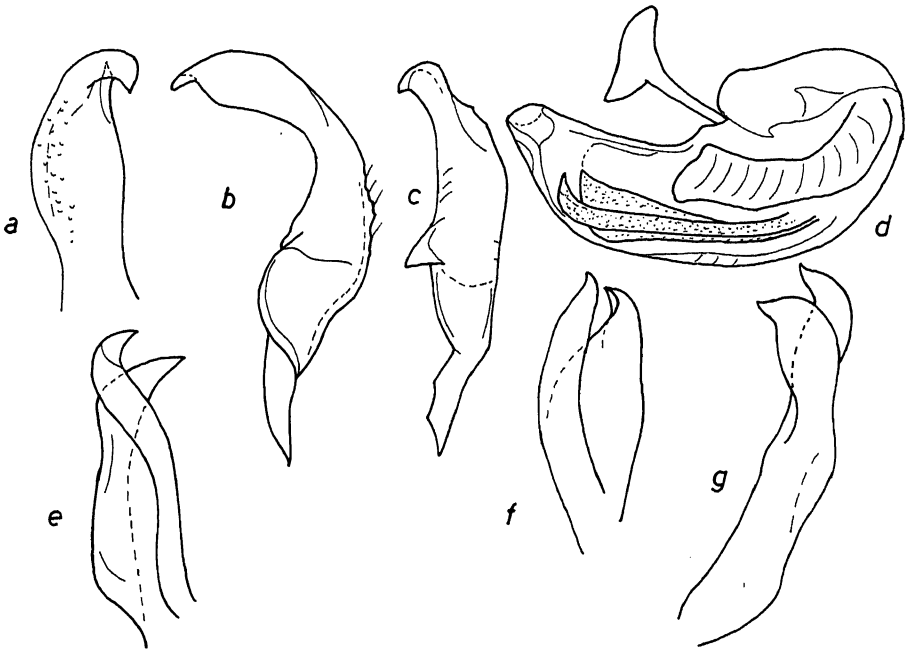


Fig. 1 - *Polymerus longicornis* (Rt.): a right stylus; b-c left stylus; d penis; e-g sclerified aedeagal processes in different aspects.

*Charagochilus pallidus* Lv. - Afgoi, 1 ex, 16-30.IV.1974. Previously known only from the Red Sea Mountains in the Sudan.

*C. voelzkovi* (Rt.)

Range: Madagascar. Records from Africa apparently incorrect. A specimen from Zanzibar in Mus. Helsinki, recorded as *voelzkovi* by POPPIUS 1912: 148), is *C. vittatus* (Rt.) (= *punctigerus* Odh.)

Material studied: the type series from Madagascar in Mus. Helsinki.