

Fig. 75. Isometopus pictus sp. n.: a head, apical view; e pronotum. – I. lunaris sp. n.: c head, apical view. – I. niger sp. n.: b same; d pronotum (\mathfrak{P}) ; f same (\mathfrak{Z}) ; g antenna (\mathfrak{Z}) .

√ I. lunaris sp. n.

Fig. 74. Length 2.75 mm., breadth 1.4 mm. Shiny. Head black, upper part of frons and vertex ochraceous, extreme lateral margins of genae whitish. Antennae dark yellowish brown, 2nd joint somewhat paler with extreme tip whitish. Pronotum black, extreme lateral margins slightly paler. Scutellum black, apex white. Elytra dark brown, a large whitish spot in the middle of the clavus and the adjacent corium forming a whitish semi-lunar figure together with the scutellar spot, costal margin whitish ochraceous, membrane dark brown. Dorsum and under surface black. Coxae and femora dark brown or blackish, the latter paler apically, tiblae whitish, tarsi brown.

Ovate, $1.8 \times as$ long as broad. Hair covering long, semierect, brownish. Head $0.ss \times as$ broad as pronotum, flat, especially ventrally densely punctate and rugose, partly transversely wrinkled, in apical view $1.2 \times as$ broad as high, structure otherwise as in Fig. 75 c; ocular index (at ocelli) 0.7, ocelli well developed. Antennae gracile, proportions between the joints 3:15:11:6, 2nd joint $0.4 \times as$ long as basal width of pronotum. Rostrum extending to hind coxae. Pronotum $2.8 \times as$ broad as long, lateral margins strongly insinuated medially; disk densely punctate; callal area indistinct, only medially more sparsely punctate. Scutellum slightly longer than broad, densely punctate. Elytra densely and distinctly punctate, only slightly longer than abdomen. Legs gracile, hind femora incrassate.

Ethiopia, near Harrar, 1 9, type, 22 - 23. VI. 1963. Swept from macchia on a dry hill.

/ I. niger sp. n.

Length 2.0 mm., breadth 1.55 mm. Rather shiny. Black. Extreme basal margin of vertex whitish. Antennae whitish, as also tip of scutellum. Membrane dark brown. Femora dark brown, tibiae and tarsi yellow-brown.

Broadly ovate, 1.44×as long as broad. Hair covering

long, grey, dense. Head $0.5 \times as$ broad as pronotum, flat and densely punctate, in apical view $1.4 \times as$ broad as high, structure as in Fig. 75 b. Ocelli small. Antennae thin, proportions between the joints 2:10:8:?, 2nd joint $0.5 \times as$ long as basal width of pronotum. Rostrum extending to hind coxae. Pronotum (Fig. 75 d) $2.5 \times as$ broad as long, convex, lateral margins rounded and converging apicad right from base, hind margin moderately insinuated, disk densely punctate throughout. Scutellum concex, slightly broader than long, densely punctate. Elytra convex, densely punctate, slightly longer than abdomen.

Equatoria: Torit – Kapoeta, 1 9, type, 26. III. 1963. On Commiphora erythraea.

The following specimens probably also belong to the species:

Bigger, length § 2.8 mm., 22.75 mm. In § 2nd antennal joint (Fig. 75 g) incrassate, $0.7 \times as$ long as basal width of pronotum; both 2nd and 3rd joint; with long erect hairs, much longer than the cross-section of the joints; pronotum (Fig. 75 f) considerably shorter, $2.6 \times as$ broad as long; costal margin and cuneus yellowish brown.

Chad, Bas- Chari, near Fort Lamy, 15 and 1 , Péricard Mus. Paris. On *Acacia nilotica*.

Magnocellus Smith

M. scutellaris sp. n.

Fig. 74. Length & 2.5 - 2.75 mm., breadth 1.35 mm., 9 length 2.6 mm., breadth 1.5 mm. Whitish ochraceous, Frons unicoloured or with two light brown transverse bands, the lower one broken at middle and with brown punctures. Antennae yellow-brown, 2nd joint sometimes darker with pale apex and base, 3rd and 4th joints dark. Pronotum nearly opaque, anterior part usually with 4 irregular large faint brownish spots, humeral angles with 2 minute brownish spots. Scutellum and elytra shiny; basal margin of the former narrowly dark brown, a small median spot also present, apex with a larger roundish black spot, in front of this the disk usually ± whitish. Corium with a faint whitish spot at the level of the corresponding scutellar spot, basal median angle of cuneus somewhat embrowned, membrane and veins light brownish. Legs yellow-brown; hind femora slightly darker, upper anterior margin with two whitish callose spots, one apical and the other subapical.

Ovate, about $1.7 \times as$ long as broad. Hair covering yellowbrown. Head large (3), $0.51 \times as$ broad as pronotum or relatively small (9), $0.4 \times as$ broad as pronotum, finely punctate; eyes large, ocular index 0.36 - 0.41 (3) or 0.62 (2). Proportions between antennal joints 2: 16: 6: 4, 2nd joint in 3 incrassate, in \Im somewhat thinner, 0.6 (3) or 0.4 ($\Im \times as$ long as basal width of pronotum, apical joints thin and short. Rostrum long extending to base of apical half of abdomen. Pronotum 2.3 (3) or 2.55 ($\Im \times as$ broad as long, lateral margins curvate, basal margin medially distinctly insinuated; entire disk densely punctate, each puncture bearing a seta directed caudad. Scutellum as long as broad, base densely, apex more sparsely punctate. Puncturation dense on clavus, on corium considerably sparser and more obsolete than on pronotum.

Equatoria: Nimule, 1 5, type and 1 5 paratype, 11 - 13. III. 1963; Juba- Nimule, 1 5 paratype, 10 - 11. III. 1963. In addition 1 9 paratype in Mus. Paris from Chad, Bas-Charl, near Fort Lamy, Péricart. On Acacia nilotica.

Resembling *M. ghanalensis* Smith, but apex of scutellum black and puncturation of scutellum and of elytra sparser and finer, the upper surface therefore more shiny.