21, 1 & paratype; Kordofan: Tendelti - Umm Ruwaba, 1 2, type, 25, I, 1963.

Resembling P. solani (Odh.) (Uganda), but smaller, with differently coloured elytra and legs, etc.

## P. insignitus sp. n.

Length 3 mm. Shiny black. Basal margin of vertex narrowly pale yellow. Antennae black, 3rd and 4th joints yellow. Scutellum with 2 yellowish basal spots. Elytra (Fig. 71 b) with clavus pale greyish ochraceous, corium and cuneus, excl. a pale roundish subapical lateral spot, dark fuscous, membrane dark. Legs pale yellow, apical two-thirds of hind femora black, tibiae immaculate, spines black.

Relatively robust, narrowly ovate. Upper surface with long yellowish hairs and in elytra also with silvery adpressed pubescence. Head  $0.74\times$  as broad as pronotum, base of vertex sharp, less upturned than in the other species, ocular index 2.0. Proportions between antennal joints 5.5: 21: 16: ?, 2nd joint  $0.78\times$  as long as basal width of pronotum. Rostrum extending to hind coxae. Pronotum twice as broad as long, with rather distinct microsculpturing. 3rd joint of hind tarsi distinctly shorter than 2nd.

Equatoria: Kateri – Gilo, 1  $\mathfrak P$ , type and 1  $\mathfrak P$  paratype, 18. III. 1963.

Resembling P. solani, but much smaller, dissimilarly coloured etc.

## 🖊 P. tibialis sp. n.

Length 3.5 mm. Shiny black. Base of vertex and 3rd and 4th antennal joints pale. Membrane and veins blackish. Coxae and femora pale yellow, fore and middle femora dorso-apically and hind femora more broadly darkened. Tibiae and spines black. Tarsi pale, apically darker.

Ovate, slightly more than twice as long as broad. Hair covering longish, brownish. Upper surface distinctly microsculptured as in the preceding genus. Anteclypeus relatively weakly prominent, base of vertex sharp, ocular index 1.0s (3) or 1.5s (2). Proportions between antennal joints 6:20:9:6 (3) or 5:17:8:6 (2), 2nd joint rather incrassate, as long as diatone (3) or thickening apicad and slightly shorter than diatone (2). Rostrum extending to middle coxac. Pronotum distinctly transversely wrinkled and microsculptured, convex. 2nd and 3rd joints of hind tarsi of equal length. Claws as in Fig. 71 e. Male genitalia as in Fig. 71 f - i.

Equatoria: Yei-Maridi, 1  $\sigma$ , type and numerous paratypes, 13 – 15. IV. 1963.

Easily recognized, e.g. by the colouring of the legs.

## P. lateralis (Pop.), comb. n.

Sthenarus lateralis Poppius 1914: 95.

3rd and 2nd hind tarsal joints of equal length. Male genitalia as in Fig. 71j-m. hypophysis of left stylus with a subapical expansion, apical part of vesica straight in lateral aspect.

Material studied: Somalia, Hargeisa, 1  $\mathfrak{F}$ , 23 – 28. VI. 1963. Endemic to Somalia.

#### √ P. bicoloripes Wgn.

Psallomimus bicoloripes Wagner 1951: 150 - 151. Styll as in Fig. 72 g, i - j. Penis as in the following sub-

species.

17, 1 ex.; Jebel Elba, Wadi Kansisrob (WAGNER 1951: 150 – 151). Endemic.

## P. bicoloripes (Wgn.) ssp. plagiatus ssp. n.

Smaller than the nominate form, length 2.5 mm. Paler. Only basal quarter of 2nd antennal joint black (basal half in the nominate form). General colouring blackish brown. Base of vertex paler. Elytra  $\pm$  dark greyish brown, claval suture and tip and lateral margin of cuneus paler; membrane brownish smoky, with an irregular, hyaline transverse area. Genitalia (Figs. 71 n – p, 72 h, k as in the nominate form, but right stylus slightly narrower.

Measurements: Ocular index (6?) 1.78 - 2.0. Proportions between antennal joints 3:15:11:8, 2nd joint  $0.64 - 0.77 \times$  as long as basal width of pronotum.

Equatoria: Kapoeta - Boma, 1  $\delta$ , type and 4 paratypes, 26-27. III. 1963.

Resembling *P. lateralis* (Pop.), but base of vertex with a distinct transverse depression, hind tibiae with only small dark dots, male genitalia different, etc.

## Auchenocrepis Fb.

A. alboscutellata Pt. - 1, several exx.; 2, several exx.; 7, several exx.; 9, many exx.; 19, 2 exx. On Tamarix. Also at lamp. Eremian (N. Africa, Israel, Cyprus, Iran, Eritrea).

## A. gracilis sp. n.

Length 2.7 mm. Like A. similis Wgn. (Canary Is.), but 1) ocular index 1.17-1.27 (3) or 1.78 (2) (in similis 1.9 (3) or 2.0-2.1 (2)), 2) 2nd antennal joint 1.s-1.4 (3) or 1.7 (2)  $\times$  as long as 3rd (in similis 1.9 (3) or 1.88 (2)  $\times$ ) and 3) pronotum considerably narrower,  $1.57 \times$  as broad as long, basally  $1.2 \times$  as broad as diatone (in similis  $1.85 \times$ ) and lateral margins more strongly insinuated.

Proportions between antennal joints 5:21:15:10. Male genitalia as in Fig. 721-o, curvature of vesica as in A. minutissima (Rb.).

South Yemen, near Lahej, Wadi Kebir, 1 & type and 1 paratype, 9 - 15. VII. 1963. Al Husaini, near Lahej, several paratypes, 26. II. 1937, Scott and Britton, British Museum. On *Tamarix*.

#### Tuponia Rt.

T. (s. str.) tamaricicola Ldb. - 2, many exx.; 19, 1 ex. On Tamarix. Eremian (Egypt, Israel, Eritrea, Arabia).

# / T. (s.str.) adenica sp. n.

Length 2.5-2.75 mm. Whitish yellow, sometimes with a fulvous tinge. Eyes dark brown. Antennae yellowish. Base of scutellum yellow, medially  $\pm$  infumed. A broad, faint reddish or fulvous band along claval suture, a distinct oblique band from apex of clavus to apical lateral angle of corium, the latter band medially fuscous but turning red laterally, cuneus pale, membrane smoky, veins pale. Legs pale, immaculate, tibial spines pale,

Relatively robust. Hair covering whitish. Eyes large, head about  $0.8 \times 8$  broad as pronotum, ocular index 0.82 - 0.88 (3). Antennae long, proportions between joints 4:25:20:11, 2nd joint as long as basal width of pronotum. Rostrum extending beyond hind coxae. Calli of pronotum indistinct. Male genitalia as in Fig. 72 p -t.

South Yemen: Lahej - Dhala road, 1 3, type and 7 3 paratypes, 9-15. VII. 1963. On Tamarix.

Easily recognized by the small size, the large eyes and the genitalia. Most resembling *T. persica* Wgn., but eyes much larger and vesica thicker.

#### T. (s.str.) lethierryi Rt. ssp. vulnerata Lv.

WAGNER (1963d:17) regarded vulnerata as a mere colour